

Joshua Booth and family 1783-1855

*Agricultural labourer, Tinker,
Chair bottom maker & Traveller.*

Marston, Warks. 1783
Loughborough, Leics. 1803
Clifton on Dunsmore, Warks., 1808
Sharnford, Leics., 1814
Hinckley, Leics., 1816-1827
&
Leicester City, 1841-1855

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All relationships in this table are variously shown as children, grandchildren etc of Joshua.

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Joshua Booth 1783-1855

Joshua Booth (1783-1855) and his wife, Margaret, neé Hodgkins, (1787-1861) were the 5XGreat grandparents of the author of this document. They were the Great-great grandparents of Maggie Handy, of Solihull.

*5X Great Grandfather: Joshua **Booth**, born Marston, Warwickshire 1783, died Leicester 1855 aged 72
Possibly married 1803 in Loughborough.
Margaret, Hodgkins born 1787 at "Rushin?" Northamptonshire. Died 1861 in Leicester*

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*George Fearn, born Hinckley, Leicestershire, about 1811, died Derby 1889
Married 1833 Hinckley, Leicestershire
4X Great Grandmother: Eunas **Booth**, born Sharnford, Leicestershire 1814, died Derby 1899*

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*3XGreat Grandmother: Elizabeth **Fearn**, born Leicester 1837, died Derby 1888 aged 51
Married 1857, Aston, Birmingham.
Alfred Bailey, born Bristol 1836, died Newport Pagnell, 1910 aged 74*

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*Great Great Grandmother: Margaret Mary Ann **Bailey**, born Newark 1859, died North London Consumption
Hospital 1890, aged 31
Married 1877, Derby
Herbert John Daw, born 1855 Ringstead, Norfolk, died 1922 Hampstead in London aged 67.*

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*Great Grandmother: Margaret Mary Ann **Daw**, born 1882, Kilburn, London, died 1977, Shirley, Birmingham aged
94
Married 1905, Aldershot
William Edward Handy, born 1879, Ilmington, died 1965 Solihull, Birmingham aged 86.*

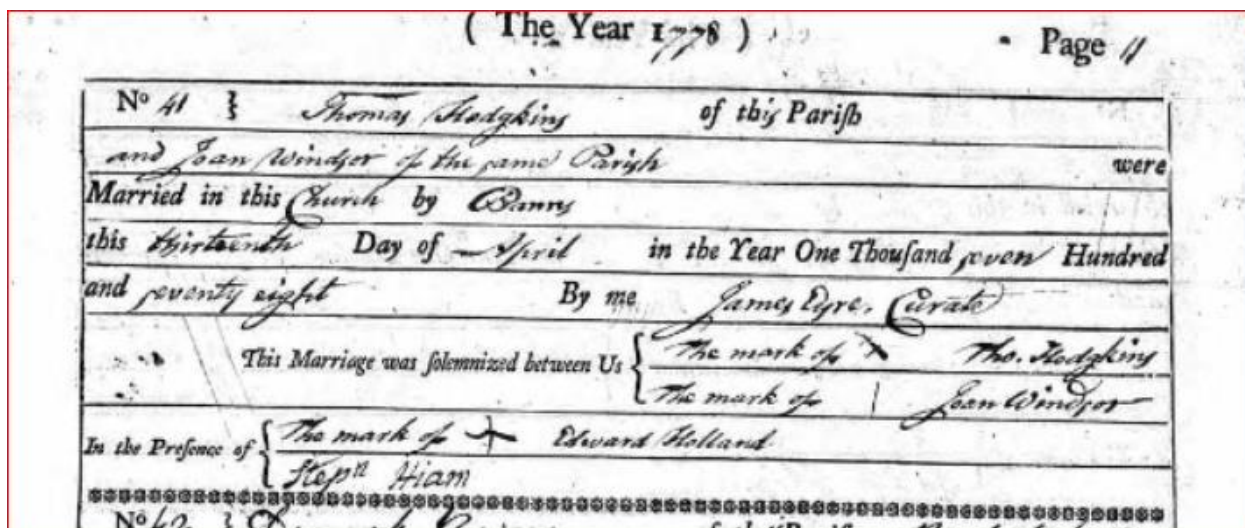
Biographical details – Booth and Hodgkins - two Gypsy families

Joshua Booth was apparently born about 1781 in Marston, Warwickshire, according to the 1851 census – although he also states that he was born in Leicestershire in that of 1841. The only seemingly suitable Marston, Long Marston is a good distance away from later residences at Hinckley. He was baptised at Hinckley in 1781. His later occupations state that he described himself as a Tinker and Traveller, who eventually settled to “chair-bottom” maker.

He would have been about 20 years old in 1803. His marriage came in this year in Loughborough Parish Church, to the 16 year old Margaret Hodgkins.

Margaret’s own later re-marriage in 1855 states that her father was a Brazier, named Thomas Hodgkins –and gives her a birthdate of 1787. The fact he was a “Brazier” makes it very likely that her family was also a Gypsy family. The Ancestry [“McBain3”](#) family tree places her baptism on [14th March 1786](#) at Newton in the Willows near Rushden in Northamptonshire, which matches her Rushin references in the 1851 and 1861 census entries, and lists her as a child of Thomas Hodgskins ¹, a “Tinker” and his wife Joanna.

Figure 1: Marriage of a Thomas Hodgkins and Joan Windsor at Alcester in 1778



Joshua seems to have been the son of John and Mary Booth, who **may** have had the following total of five children according to various shambolic on-line trees:

1. John, baptised 31 Jan 1779 at Lilbourne, Northamptonshire, son of John and Mary Booth. He may ultimately have married Diana or Christina Clayton, and baptised a daughter Mary Booth 21 Jun 1798 at Clifton on Dunsmore, and a son, James Clayton Booth on 22 Jan 1802 in Blisworth, Northamptonshire. Then Frances Booth, baptised 12 June 1808 in Bulkington in Warwickshire, and Henry Booth, baptised 1 November 1810, again at Clifton on Dunsmore.

¹ There are presently unconfirmed speculative references to a 1791 “third fleet “ conviction at Warwick Assizes on [23 March 1790](#) for 7 years transportation.

2. George, born about 1780 possibly at Guilborough, who married Mary Bradbury at Bedworth on 20 Jan 1799, and had children John, about 1805, William about 1812, and Henry bn about 1815 who married an Eliza Boswell.
3. Joshua- the subject of this document, born 1783 at Marston (is this Long Marston?) in Warwickshire, and married in 1803 in **Loughborough**.
4. Charlotte Booth, bn about 1782, who married to Brington Clayton (of Brington!) on 31 Oct 1808 at **Loughborough**. They had John, about 1795, Francis about 1797, Robert about 1803, Jane 1811 and Elizabeth 1815.
5. An undated William.

Figure 2: 1803 Loughborough marriage.

*“Loughborough Parish Church, register 137.
Joshua Booth of this Parish and Margaret Hodgkin of this parish were married by
Banns, 4th September 1803, by Richard Hardy, Rector.
X Joshua Booth, the mark of Margaret Hodgkin.
Witnessed Joseph Webster and Sam Wood.”*

Joshua and Margaret seem to have moved to Sharnford and Hinckley. There are other Booths there but their connections with Joshua are unclear and are listed below for future investigation.
2

² James Booth married Elizabeth Smith at Hinckley, about March 1810 (according to suspicious IGI reference M034522)

Isaac Booth	bapt 15th August 1810 son of James and Elizabeth, in Hinckley. 1841 1851 - Leicester 1861 - Leicester 75 High Street, a painter. 1871 - Leicester 75 High Cross Street, a painter 1876 death of a 64 year old Isaac Booth, in Leicester.
George Booth	bapt 20 Sept 1811 son of James and Elizabeth in Hinckley 1841 1851 1861 - Shadwell, Middx
James Booth	bapt 5 Dec 1812 son of James and Elizabeth in Hinckley - same day as brother. 1841 1851 Residence: 1851 - Leicester St Martin High Cross St. Furniture Packer. 1861 Residence: 1861 - Leicester St Nicholas 9 St Nicholas St., Broker 1871 Residence: 1871 - Leicester, St Nicholas 9 St Nicholas Street, Gen Dealer 1881 Residence: 1881 - Leicester St Margaret Workhouse, Sparkenhoe St., 1881 Death of a 69 year old James Booth, in Leicester.
Henry Booth	bapt 5 Dec 1812 son of James and Elizabeth in Hinckley - same day as brother. 1841 1851 Residence: 1851 - Leicester St Margaret, framework Knitter, 6, Lead St. aged 39 1861 Residence 1861 - Leicester Workhouse, framework knitter , aged 50 (with 12 year old son Thomas) 1871 Residence: 1871 - Leicester, St Margaret 1881 Residence: 1881 - Leicester St Margaret 1882 Death of a 70 year old Henry Booth, in Leicester.

And in addition:

1714 Mary, bapt 1714, adult baptism aged 17.

1754 John, bapt 1754 of Joshua and Sarah Booth

Booth family of Warks., Leics. & Leicester

As for their children we have:

1. 1808 a *Familysearch* possibility of a baptism in Clifton on Dunsmore, of a Thomas Booth, born 23rd September 1808, and baptised 25 September 1808 to Joshua and Margaret Booth, Travellers.
2. In 1814, first confirmed child was baptised on 22 FEB 1814, at Saint Helen's Church, Sharnford, Leicestershire, as **UNICE BOOTH**.
3. In 1816, son Joseph was christened on 6 Oct 1816 in Saint Mary, Hinckley in Leicestershire.
4. In 1821, daughter Eliza was christened on 25 Feb 1821 in Saint Mary, Hinckley in Leicestershire. Joshua's occupation is given as "Tinker".
5. In 1823, daughter Comfort was christened on 6 Jun 1823 in Saint Mary, Hinckley, England and then buried on 29 Jun 1823. Her possible twin, Patience, was christened the same day on 6 Jun 1823 in Saint Mary, Hinckley, and was buried in her turn on 22 Jun 1823. Joshua's occupation is given as "Chair-bottom maker".
6. In 1824 daughter Caroline was christened on 8 Aug 1824 in Saint Mary, Hinckley. Joshua's occupation is given as "Chair-bottom maker".
7. In 1827, son, James, was christened on 25 Jun 1827 in Saint Mary, Hinckley. Joshua's occupation is given as "Traveller".

In 1833, daughter, Eune, married the 22 year old Hinckley man, George Fearn, on Boxing Day, the 26th Dec 1833 at Saint Mary, Hinckley.

In 1837, daughter, Mrs. Eunas Fearn, gave birth to her first child, in the City of Leicester. Had the whole family moved there by this point?

1804 Charlotte, bapt 1804, dau of William and Elizabeth

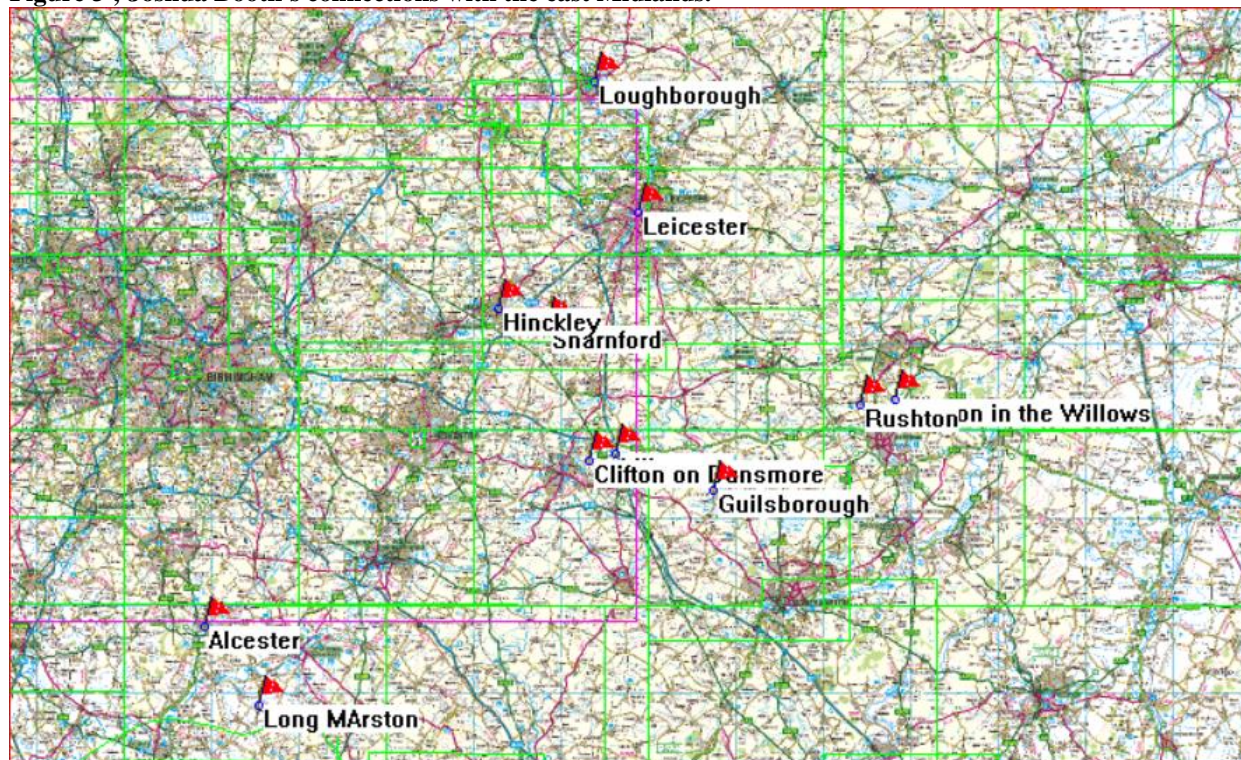
1806 Samuel bapt 2nd Dec 1806 son of William and Elizabeth

1811 - Henry Booth, Son of John and Margaret of Hinckley bapt 26 May 1811

1826 Prudence Booth of Hinckley married Henry Jones at Hinckley

1832 George Booth of Hinckley married Elizabeth Marshall at Hinckley

Figure 3 ; Joshua Booth's connections with the east Midlands.



The map above summarises these details.

Joshua may have been born at Long Marston in 1781, and he was baptised at Hinckley in 1781. His future wife's parents married at Alcester – so there is a connection there. He probably had a brother baptised in 1779 at Lilbourne near Clifton on Dunsmore and another at Guilsborough in 1780, which shows his own family migration.

His future wife Margaret was born at Rushton and baptised at Newton in the Willows – which shows the extent of her own family migrations after a marriage at Alcester.

Joshua and Margaret were married at Loughborough (where one of his own siblings was later to marry) and began to have their own children at Clifton on Dunsmore, then Sharnford and then Hinckley, before moving into Leicester.

The confirmed movements of the Joshua and Margaret family seem to be that George Fearn and their daughter Eune moved to Leicester from Hinckley between 1833 and 1837, and that Joshua and Margaret had appeared in Leicester by the marriage of their daughter Eliza in 1838.

Figure 4:summary of family movements

	Evidence for Joshua and Margaret	Eune Booth Fearn	Eliza Booth Gunn	Caroline Booth Marville.
1827	Joshua and Margaret Booth's son James bapt in Hinckley – Joshua listed as “traveller”.			
1828				
1829				
1830				
1831				
1832				
1833		Marriage of daughter Joshua and Margaret's daughter Eune to George Fearn in Hinckley		
1834				
1835				
1836				
1837		Married Daughter Eune Fearn gives birth to her first child in Leicester .		
1838	Joshua referred to as a Chair-bottomer.		May 1838 daughter Eliza Booth married Thomas Gunn in Leicester from Russell Square .	
1839			Dec Qtr. Thomas and Eliza Gunn have first child in Leicester, William Gunn.	
1840		Married daughter Eune Fearn gives birth to son John		

Booth family of Warks., Leics. & Leicester

		Fearn in Denman St., Leicester.		
1841	Joshua and Margaret Booth resident in Carley Street, Leicester.	George Fearn, a framework knitter, and Eune resident in Denman Street, Leicester.	Daughter Eliza Gunn resident in Providence Place, Leicester.	Daughter Caroline resident with parents Joshua and Margaret in Carley Street, Leicester. Her Future husband Henry Marvin also resident in Carley St.
1842		George and Eune's child born Forester Street, Derby. Father a Stockinger.		
1843				Illegitimate son James Marvill born Sept 1843 Qtr.
1844				
1845				Illegitimate Henry BOOTH born Leicester, June Qtr.
1846			March Quarter. Daughter Caroline Gunn born in Leicester.	
1847				
1848	Joshua listed as chair bottomer in daughter's wedding certificate.		March Qtr 1848. Son Henry Gunn born. Leic.	Caroline married Framework knitter Henry Marville May 5 th in Registry office. Both of Oxford Street, Leicester. Daughter Caroline Marvill born, Leicester. Sept 1847 Qtr.
1849				Son George Marvill born, Leicester. Dec Qtr.
1850			Daughter Mary Anne Gunn born March Qtr. Leic.	
1851	Lower Green St. Leicester - Joshua		Thomas and Eliza as a Glove hand and shopkeeper of	

Booth family of Warks., Leics. & Leicester

	a 68 year old chair-bottomer.		58 & 56 Metcalf Street, Leicester.	
			August - Thomas Gunn arrived in Philadelphia alone	
1852			March - Eliza Gunn and 4 children arrive in New York	
1853				
1854				Oct 23 Henry Marville arrived at New York, alone.
1855	Death of Almsman Joshua Booth in Abbey Road. November 19 th . Mgt Booth remarries Thomas Harris.			

Why did they move? In 1844 the Royal Commission on Framework Knitters took evidence from a Hosier in Hinckley who discussed the depressed state of the knitting trade in Hinckley, and described how it was better for knitter to give up the traditional family “domestic system” independent approach, with its associated costs, and to begin work in a factory: ³

Joshua Thomas Clarke of Hinckley, Leicestershire, Hosier 1813-1866. I am a manufacturer in Hinckley, owning 300 frames situated in Hinckley and four or five villages round it, knitting wrought cotton hose only,

The number of frames let to a family would vary between three and eight. Mostly a family would do all the work connected with the frames they rent, but in perhaps one case in twenty they would employ journeymen or children from neighbouring family, if the frame-shop is large enough.

The families work in their own homes with the children doing the largest part of the work, the winding and the seaming. I have looked at my books for the last twelve months and I find that after deducting one shilling per week for the rent of each frame I have been paying each family on average six shillings and six pence.

³ "Knitting Together"

I have been in the trade for the last fifteen or sixteen years and it has been declining all that time, but it has never been as bad as it has been in the last three or four years.

When asked if it was correct that with an increasing trade in Hinckley, wages had been greatly reduced the answer was that this was correct... about eighteen months before the time of the Enquiry, because there was no trade at that time, the men had reduced the wages themselves.

In addition:

Jabez Chaplin told the enquiry that only seven weeks previous he had left Hinckley to go to Leicester to work for Joshua Clarke for a weekly wage. "We have now taken a large place in Navigation Street Leicester that will hold upwards of 40 frames, without any charge whatever to the hands.. We have only begun a few weeks, but we are increasing them every week, and we shall increase daily till the whole number is made up. The reason why we have begun this plan is to try and bring about a better state of things. Hundreds have left the town and gone to Leicester or other places where they can earn more money, so that the town is the picture of misery.

Is this why the family moved from Hinckley to Leicester?

Joshua Booth in possibly in Russell Square, Leicester – 1838

Joshua's 17 year old daughter Eliza married Thomas Gunn, a framework knitter, in St Margaret's Church on May Day 1838. Bride and Groom's addresses were both given as Russell Square. Is there a likelihood that the family were living in the Square at that time?

1838 Marriage solemnized by <i>Law</i> in the Parish of <i>Leicester</i> in the County of <i>Leicester</i>								
No.	When Married.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Condition.	Rank or Profession.	Residence at the Time of Marriage.	Father's Name and Surname.	Rank or Profession of Father.
266	<i>May 1st</i>	<i>Thomas Gunn</i>	<i>34</i>	<i>Bachelor</i>	<i>F.W.K.</i>	<i>Russell Square</i>	<i>John Gunn</i>	<i>F.W.K.</i>
		<i>Eliza Booth</i>	<i>17</i>	<i>Spinster</i>	<i>F.W.K.</i>	<i>do</i>	<i>Joshua Booth</i>	<i>Chair Bottom maker</i>

Married in the *Church of St Margaret* according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the *Church of England* by me, *A. Savin, Vicar*

This Marriage was solemnized between us, *Thomas Gunn & co mark* in the Presence of us, *George Hancock*
Eliza Booth & mark *Margaret Booth & mark*

Figure 5: May day 1838 marriage of Thomas Gunn and Eliza Booth

Joshua is given as a chair bottom maker, and his wife Margaret apparently stands as witness, though neither she, nor her daughter could write. Indeed, nor could the Groom.



Figure 6: 1880s map showing Russell Square in Leicester.

Joshua Booth in Carley Street, Leicester - 1841

By the census of 1841, Joshua was listed as being about 60 and living in Carley Street in a slum area of Leicester only three streets away from Denman Street, where his daughter Eune lived with her husband George Fearn. (See other Fearn document), and Providence Place where his daughter Eliza Gunn lived with her husband and infant son (see below).

Tom Barclay, in his autobiography “*Memoirs of a bottle washer*” in 1936, referred to this area thus:

“What the good of telling you that the slums of Denman Street, Brook Street, Metcalf Street, Eaton Street, and Carley Street ought not to exist in any really civilized society?”

This perhaps gives an idea of the kind of area in which they were living.

Figure 7: Census 1841 – Joshua and Margaret Booth, Carley Street, St. Margaret’s, Leicester.

Boro’ of Leicester, Parish of St Margaret’s, Carley Street. HO 107/604/8 page 45			
Joshua Booth	60	Ag Lab	Born In County
Margaret Booth	60		Born In County
Caroline Booth	15	Stocking M. ⁴	Born In County
James Booth	14	Stocking M	Born In County

Also living in Carley Street at in 1841 was their future son-in-law, Henry Marvin/Marville as a single man lodging with a family and four other unmarried stockings in their 20s.⁵



Figure 8: Carley Street 1887 (1:500)

⁴ Stocking manufacturer.

HO 107 604 8 Carley Street

Benjamin Alsop	35	Stocking manufacturer
Elizabeth Alsop	30	Stocking manufacturer
William Alsop	3	
Richard Ratcliff	25	Stocking manufacturer
Henry Bentley	20	Stocking manufacturer
HENRY MARVIN	20	Stocking manufacturer
Henry Soden	20	Stocking manufacturer

What was this accommodation likely to have been like? Ned Newitt in “The slums of Leicester” summarises likely conditions in the 1840s and 50s:⁶

“Most of these cottages had just 2 rooms – one up and one down. Cooking would have taken place over a fire or on a range, there would have been no internal water supply and washing would have been done outside. Many were effectively back-to-back houses as they had no rear doors or windows. They were frequently built with inadequate foundations and thin brickwork. Floors were usually lain directly on the earth and the cottages lacked proper drains. “

We also read that the first medical health inspectors, appointed in 1846, tried to ban the keeping of pigs within 30 feet of a house, the regular emptying of cesspools and privies was encouraged, the keeping of heaps of “night soil” in yards was forbidden, all drains should have stench traps, and new streets were to be built with proper drains. The passing of such regulations always means that such events were commonplace. In the 1850s the council began to forbid the construction of back to back houses, and to encourage longer streets without enclosed courtyards at the back. In 1859 the first building regulations were properly introduced. After 1868 the council got the power to close any unfit property by order, and by 1881 all house walls were to be a minimum of 9 inches thick.

Disease was widespread, there were regular murderous outbreaks of diarrhoea (especially in 1851) and even by 1871 this was killing 25% of all children before their first birthday. Even the slow development of flush toilets was held back because the old sewers could not cope with the increasing “business” and this forced the introduction of a council service in the 1870s of collecting full pails of sewage, transporting them through the streets, and disposing of the contents centrally. This system only ended in 1904 when the last 5,000 pails were collected !



Figure 9: Proximity of family locations in Carley, Denman and Metcalfe Streets on the 1913 map, along with Providence Place.

⁶ *The Slums of Leicester*” Ned Newitt. 2009 Breedon Books

These photographs from the 1930s show various parts of Carley Street.⁷ It had been built in the early 1850s.



Figure 11: Carley Street from Lead St junction
("The Slums of Leicester" Ned Newitt)



Figure 10: Numbers 4-12 Carley Street
("The Slums of Leicester" Ned Newitt)

About 100 years after the Booths left the street had not been much improved. Councillor Bertram Powell wrote in 1951:

"... the only good thing about the situation is the patience, cheerfulness and effort shown by the people who live there. Without exaggerating, 75% of the houses in streets like Carley Street are without taps or sinks. Most are without larders. What this means in the hot weather in terms of food pollution is beyond description. Old boxes, home-made cupboards with a piece of cloth instead of a door are the only places for keeping food. Most of the coalhouses consist of a space under the stairs where dust and dirt fly out into the living room because there is no door. Parlours are a luxury. Privacy is impossible.

In some houses the straw and plaster bedroom floor has broken down and dirty straw hangs over the dining table like an evil festoon ready to shower dust on the food at the slightest touch. Some lavatories have no water connection, and one at least has no door. Many are in an unsafe condition. The same may be said of some chimney stacks. Only the breadth of one brick separates the people from the weather. The single brick outer walls are bulging and appear to the eye of the observer to be in danger of collapse. What is to be done?"⁸

These properties were thankfully cleared in the 1950s.

⁷ "The Slums of Leicester" Ned Newitt. 2009 Breedon Books. Original photographs from Newarke House Museum.

⁸ "The Slums of Leicester" Ned Newitt. 2009 Breedon Books. Page 155

Booth family of Warks., Leics. & Leicester

In 1843 their daughter Caroline had an illegitimate child, registered as James Marvill.

In 1845 their daughter had another illegitimate child, registered as Henry Booth. Both these boys were later listed as children of Caroline and her future husband, Henry Marvill.

In 1847, Henry Marvill and Joshua's daughter Caroline finally married at the Leicester Register Office.⁹

Leicester Union, Register Office, Leicester. Number 162							
5 th day May 1847	Henry Marvill	Full Age	Bachelor	Framework Knitter	Oxford Street	James Marvill deceased	Framework Knitter
	Caroline Booth	Full Age	Spinster		Oxford Street	Joshua Booth	Chairbottomer
Henry Marvill, mark of X Caroline Booth, witnessed by the Mark of X Michael Jones and the Mark of Ann Jones.							

⁹ Certificate supplied by Debbie Olsen.

Joshua Booth in Lower Green Street in 1851

In the census of 1851, Joshua and Margaret were found west of Belgrave Gate in Lower Green Street, living alone – and supporting themselves by his “chair bottoming”.

This may have been the third house in from the Green Street end.

Figure 12: Census 1851 – Joshua and Margaret Booth, 4 Lower Green Street, Leicester.

Schedule 117, 4 Lower Green Street, St Margaret's Parish, Leicester. HO107/2089 343District 52						
Joshua BOOTH	Head	Married	68	Chair Bottomer	Marston	Warwickshire
Margaret BOOTH	Wife	Married	64		“Rushin”	Northampton

With this census entry we get our earliest evidence so far of their birthplaces: **Marston in Warwickshire and Rushin in Northamptonshire.** Margaret was later listed in 1861 (after her re-marriage) as also having been born in “Rushin” in Northamptonshire. Rushden is very near Newton in the Willows, which is listed as her place of baptism.



Figure 13: 1851 Location of Lower Green Street on 1888 map

There are difficulties in locating their house in Lower Green Street. Firstly, the 1851 census lists ten properties where the 1888 map shows nine, and it is unclear at which end the count starts.



Figure 14: Lower Green street in the distance in the 1930s (“The Slums of Leicester” Ned Newitt)

1851 census : Coming down Green Street, ending at No. 1. Then to:

115, 1 Lower Green St.

116, 2 Lower Green St

117, 4 Lower Green St

118, 6, Lower Green St

119, 8 Lower Green St

120, 10 Lower Green St

121, 12 Lower Green St

122, 14 Lower Green St

123, 16, Lower Green St

124, 18, Lower Green St

Richard Lee, 64 baker,

Samuel Groves, 62 shoemaker

Joshua Booth, 68 chairbottomer

Thomas Newman, 26 Framework K.,

Thomas Watkin, 48 machinist

Thomas Green, 29 Framework K.

Wm Finskes, 30, Carpenter

Edward Joyce, 60 Traveller in Hardware

Patrick Ryan, 50, Nurseryman

Thomas Patten, 28, Bricklayer

bn Leicestershire.

bn Warks.

bn Marston, Warks.

bn Bedworth, Warks.

bn Loughborough

Bn Leicester

bn Leics. Barkley

bn Ireland

bn Ireland

bn Ireland

In February 1929 the City Medical Officer presented a report ¹⁰ about this area of the town, where even 80 years after the Booths had departed the infant mortality rate was still double the City average, and the area was regarded as Leicester’s worst slum !

- There were on average 70 buildings per acre as opposed to the city average of 7.5
- The population of that date, 1929, was 283 people per acre – that is ten times the city average.
- Forty eight per cent of the houses only had two rooms. 28% of houses were either “back to back” or had a blank rear wall without rear windows or doors.

¹⁰ “The Slums of Leicester” Ned Newitt, page 55 Breedon Books. 2010

- Drainage was still very poor, in one case, 21 houses in a yard were drained of rainwater via one gully in the yard floor. 78% of houses had no sink at all.
- Only 10 houses had their own private toilet – in the worst case 6 toilets were shared by the inhabitants of 20 houses.
- Largest proportion of the houses have no clothes washing facilities.

This 1887 map shows that the Lower Green Street houses shared a yard and privy/water supplies etc with a total of about 17 houses off two other streets. A typical situation given the health provision at the time.



Figure 15: 1887 Lower Green St 1:500

As for the rest of the family, in the 1851 census his daughter Eliza Gunn was living with her husband and family in nearby Metcalf Street (see below) preparatory to her husband Tom moving to Philadelphia in August 1851 and herself and children moving seven months later in March 1852.¹¹ Her sibling Caroline Marvell was in Knighton Street at the other end of the city (see below) and seems to have made the move to Philadelphia later herself. Around 1854.¹² This would leave her parents with only Eune in Derby as a remaining child in the United Kingdom.



Figure 16: This picture of an Abbey Street courtyard and children collecting water comes from Ned Newitt's "Slums of Leicester". This courtyard was ten houses or so

¹¹ Julia Gunn "Jugunn" email – August 2010 through Ancestry message board : Eliza Booth married Thomas Gunn. They came to the Germantown area of Philadelphia in 1851 and 1852. Ten children have been identified: William, Caroline, Henry, and Maryann born in Leicester. George, John, Joseph, Eliza, and James - one more i think. ...

¹² Her husband Henry Marville arrived alone in New York on 23rd October 1854 on the Jacob Westerwald. She may have been waiting elsewhere with the family.

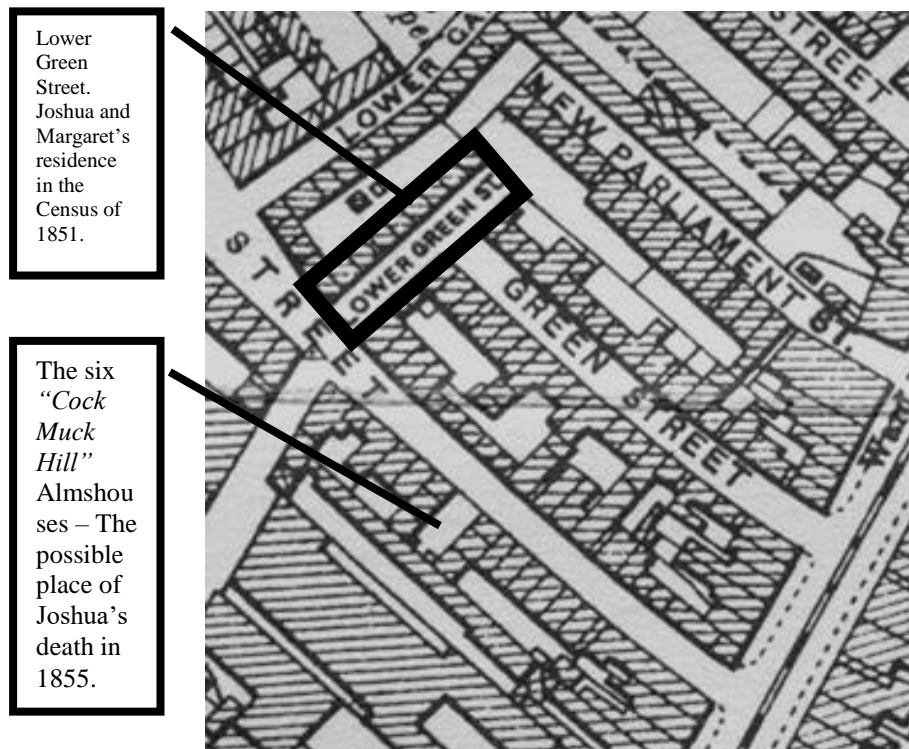
The death of Joseph Booth in 1855

Figure 17: 1855 death of Almsman Joshua Booth.

85	22 June 1855 Abbey Street, St Margaret's.	Joshua Booth	Male	70	Almsman, formerly chair bottomer	Gastric Disease 1 year certified	Mark of Martha Hardy, ¹³ present at the death, 15 New Lane. Leicester.	22 June 1855	Robert Warburton Registrar
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His occupation as an “Almsman” in Abbey Street may put him as a resident in the “*Cock Muck Hill*” Almshouses.¹⁴ These provided for six poor persons chosen by the parish officers from those who were not on relief. They seemed to receive accommodation of 2 rooms (built in 1783) and a coal allowance of 5cwt a year from the Parish Funds of St Margaret. **(DO ANY PARISH MATERIALS SURVIVE AT LEICESTER ARCHIVES?)** Of course, his wife was still living around the corner – does this mean he was not resident in the premises, but received “out” relief?

The Almshouses were very near to their 1851 home in Lower Green Street.



Lower Green Street. Joshua and Margaret's residence in the Census of 1851.

The six “Cock Muck Hill” Almshouses – The possible place of Joshua's death in 1855.

Figure 18: 1855 location of Cock Muck Hill Almshouses and Lower Green

¹³ In 1861 Martha Hardy is a 61 year old wife of stocking maker John Hardy at 15 New Lane. She was born in Scaldwell, Northamptonshire.

¹⁴ This information from the online version of the House of Lords Report of “Commissioners for Inquiring Concerning Charities: Leicester” Page 108 by Mr William Grant. Date Unknown. Found under “Google Books” after a general Google search for “Cock Muck Hill” Almshouses.



The 1887 1:500 plan extract at left shows the lay-out of the Almshouses and the photograph of the yard of the six two-roomed Almshouses was taken in the 1930s, where they are identified as being in “Court C” of Abbey Street.¹⁵ The woman is standing outside the house covered by the word “cock” on the map..

Joshua might have lived in one of these six between his census entry of 1851 in Lower Green Street and his death here in 1855.



Figure 19: Cock Muck Hill Almshouses in the 1930s. (“The Slums of Leicester” Ned Newitt)

¹⁵ See above for references to ; “The Slums of Leicester” by Ned Newitt – page 49.

The Welford Road Cemetery Register (Leicester) shows his burial details:

Figure 20: 1855 Burial details for Joshua Booth

<i>Folio</i>	<i>149 1855</i>
<i>Number</i>	<i>2978</i>
<i>Date</i>	<i>25 June 1855</i>
<i>Name</i>	<i>Joshua Booth</i>
<i>Age</i>	<i>70</i>
<i>Rank</i>	<i>(Blank)</i>
<i>Abode</i>	<i>Abbey Street (Leicester)</i>
<i>Parish</i>	<i>St Margaret</i>
<i>Mode</i>	<i>Common Interment</i>
<i>Section</i>	<i>F (Consecrated)</i>
<i>Number</i>	<i>148</i>
<i>Ceremony</i>	<i>Rev Alfred Roxborough</i>

The death of Margaret Hodgkins/Booth/Harris/Ensor in 1861

Joshua died on 22nd June 1855 in Leicester, leaving Margaret as a 68 year old widow, with only one known living child, Eunice, who was resident in Derby. What was she to do?

Six months later she remarried on November 19th 1855, as a widow, to yet another Framework knitter, the 62 year-old Thomas Harris, having moved to the next door street, Lower Garden Street.

Table 1: 1855 Widow Margaret Booth's marriage with Thomas Harris.

St Margaret's Parish Church, Leicester, by the Curate, W. H. Hyde								
456	Nov 19 1855	Thomas Harris	62	Widower	F.W.K.	Baker Street	James Harris	F.W.K
		Margaret Booth	68	Widow		Lower Garden Street	Thomas Hodgkins	Brazier
Thomas X Harris, Margaret X Booth. Witnessed by Richard X Carter, Mary X Carter								

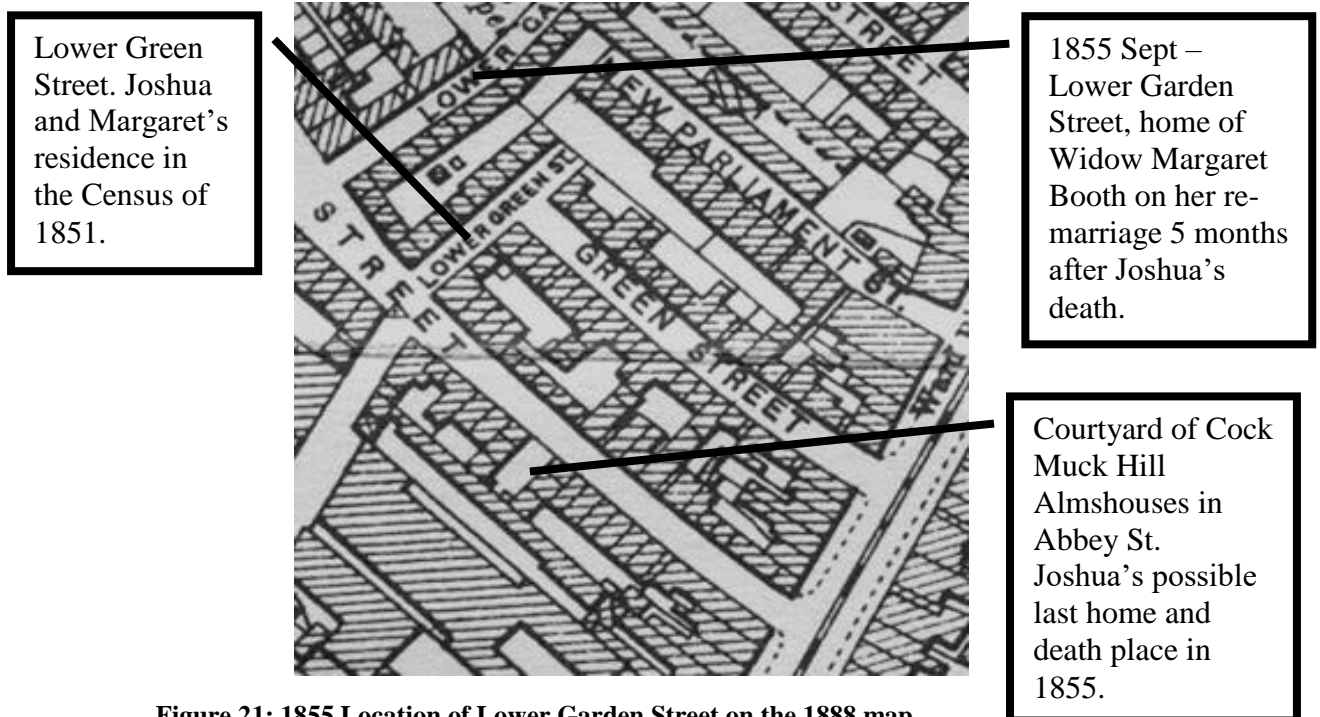


Figure 21: 1855 Location of Lower Garden Street on the 1888 map

A person named Thomas Harris is recorded as having died in the City in the October-November-December Quarter of 1860, which would put him about 66/67 years of age. This would have left Margaret a widow yet again – this time aged about 73. This was not him.

Table 2: 1860 Widow Margaret Harris' marriage with Thomas Ensor

Leicester Register Office, by Thomas Caps, Registrar.								
5	16 July 1860	Thomas Ensor	55	Widower	General labourer	6, Pump Yard, Burley's lane.	Thomas Ensor, deceased	Stage Wagoner
		Margaret Harris	65	Widow		6, Pump Yard, Burley's lane.	Thomas Hodgkins, deceased	Brazier
Thomas X Ensor, Margaret X Harris. Witnessed by Joseph X Adcock, Mary X Adcock								

Here, the "65" year old Margaret should be 73 years of age, but she has obviously trimmed her age down for her third husband – who is a mere 55 years of age!

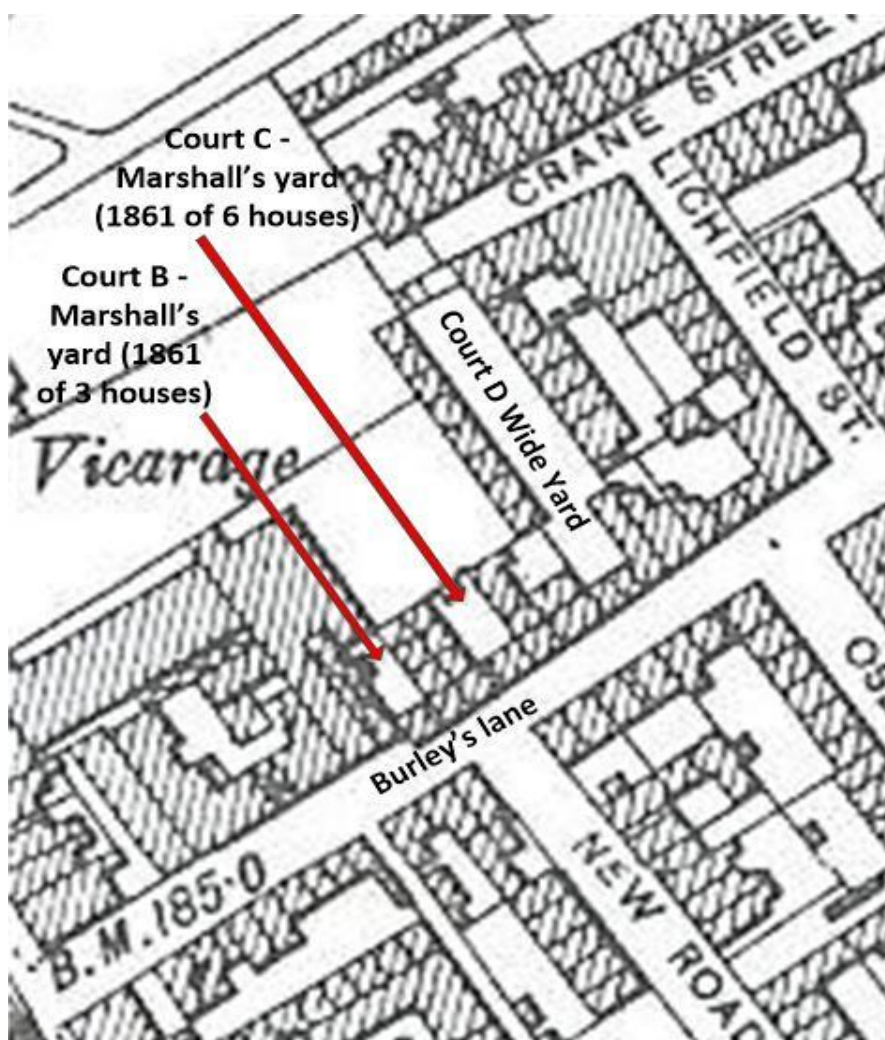


Figure 22: Location of Marshall's yard shown on 1887 ordnance map.

At their marriage in July 1860 they were listed at 6, Pump yard, off Burley's lane, which was one of the many un-distinguishable courtyards near St. Margaret's Church. It lay a few hundred yards from Margaret's old homes in Lower Green Street and Lower Garden Street. By the 1861 census, (see below), less than a year later, they were listed at 6, Marshall's yard. This is probably the same property, as there were often different names for the various yards, and the Post Office had not yet got around to rationalising the courtyards into the A, B and C etc which appear on later census returns. The census has them in the 6 house yard with later became court C.

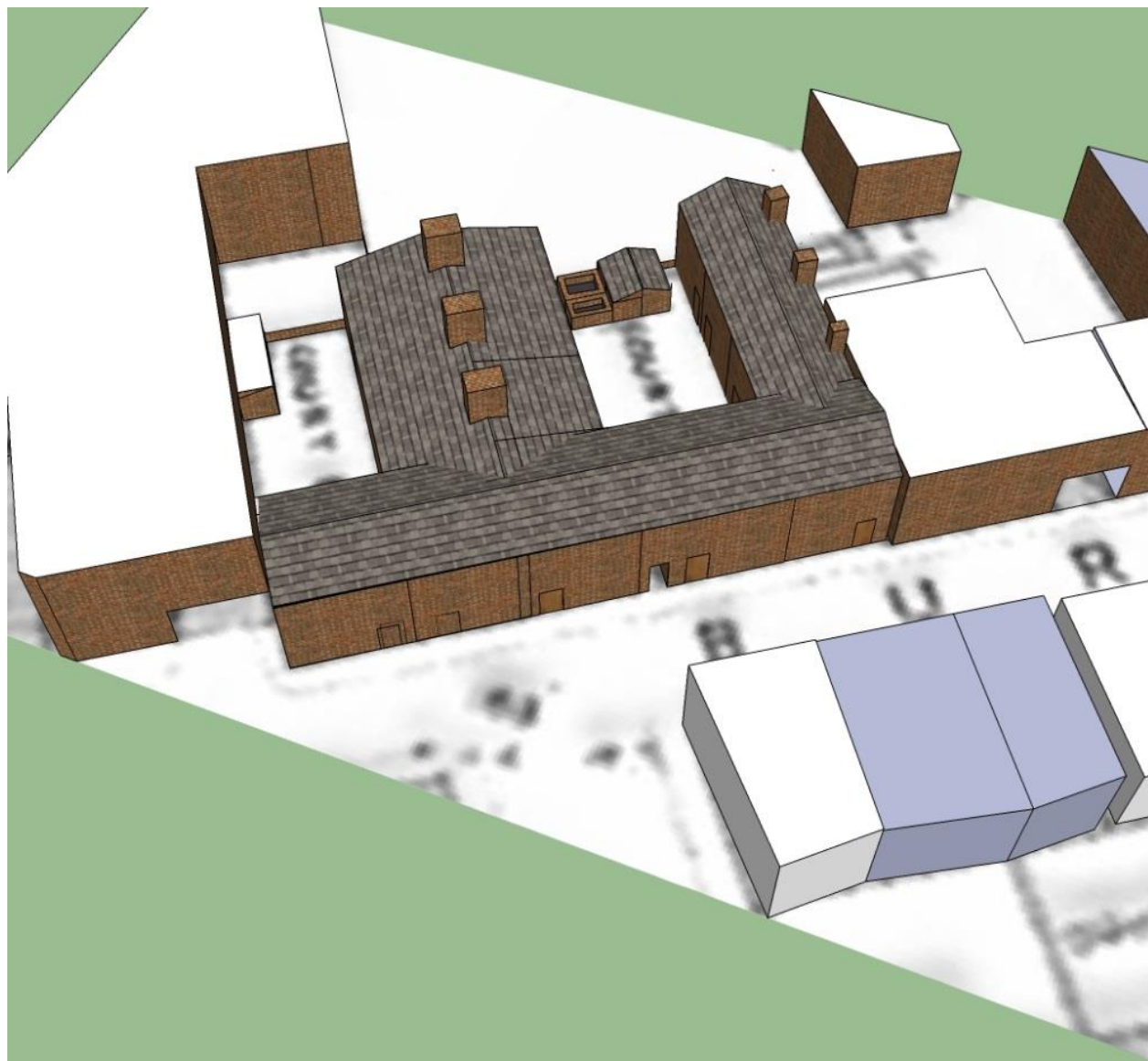


Figure 23: "Sketch-up" view of Marshall's yard in 1888 OS map..

The state of the courtyard might be seen from the accompanying illustration which has been based on the Ordnance map given above.

Their house was the sixth in the list, and we can suppose from the order of the courtyards in the census that the **enumerator was moving along the left hand side towards the top-right in this map** – so their house might have been on the right side of the **yard through the street entry**.

*“As early as 1847 it was described by a Polish refugee then living in the town: ‘The numerous small, dark and dirty streets, with their miserable huts and pestiferous atmosphere . . . are built in long rows called Wharf Street, Northampton Street, Sanvey Gate, Archdeacon Lane, **Burley's Lane**, Cumberland Row, and many more; and each of them, with its twenty still more miserable branches, constitute the size of the town; with its pale, thin, dull-looking people, who seem to be ready for eternity, yet are clinging to the streets.’”¹⁶*

A famous Leicester radical, Tom Barclay, was born in one of these yards, and described life in these courtyards: ¹⁷

“Here in this eighteen foot square court off Burley's Lane, Leicester, St. Margaret's bells rang dismally every Sunday morning as I tried to play with duck-stones for toys. I'm afraid the one door and one chamber window of the two-roomed crib we lived in were seldom opened, though not six feet from the muck hole and the unflushed privies, and air could only get in from one side of the house. How did we remain healthy ?

No carpet on the uneven brick floor, no mat, no wall-paper; what poverty!

After the monotony and dreariness of that Burley's Lane hut, I somehow find myself in a similar two-roomed hut in a similar court in a similar slum— Abbey Street: our walls are now plastered with woodcuts from newspapers, and there are mounds of thick ice all around the gutters. Now there are five of us sleeping in one little upper room.

The scene changes once more, and we are again still in a two-roomed pigsty-crib in a court off Woodboy Street, but all dreariness is gone, exchanged for alarms and excursions, chases and flights and mad uproar. How could anyone resist breaking out of that dirty kennel on a summer's day when the sun shone even into that court. We broke bounds and ran up and down the street like little mad things. Why had we to stay in ?

Poor cooped-up vermin-infested brats ! But I am suffering much more now probably in simply remembering our state than I actually suffered then : we did not feel the dimness and squalor and foul smells—the horror of the bugs and lice and black-beetles—as I now, many years after feel them : we had no other life, no other sensations and feelings. This was life, and we knew no other to contrast it with. Does the worm wish to be a butterfly, or the mole a lark ?

All work and no play, but still not dull. I'm sure we never had a complete bath in all our childhood's years, unless such a thing is indispensable to the newly-born.

Mother did all that was possible, but she had neither time nor means to boil our rags of shirts and sheets when washing. We had no wash-tub nor dolly-pegs, not to speak of wringing and mangling machines : there could have been no room for such in a room only nine feet by nine, even had we possessed them, eh, Mother ? So we went unwashed

As with the previous dens, our door in the court in Woodboy Street was seldom open in summer and hardly ever in winter : it would never do to let the cold in. I suppose such exist even to this day. Two little rooms, one up and one down, and air, the air of a court too, having entrance and

¹⁶ <http://www.british-history.ac.uk/report.aspx?compid=66577#n122A>. T. Patterson, Radical Leicester.

¹⁷ “Published C.H.Gee and Co., St Martin's Leicester 1934 “[The Autobiography of a Bottle Washer](#)”

exit by one side of the house only. I say "to this day," and this is the year of 1924, of Wembley wonders and Empire pageants. Poor as we were we were not the poorest in the court; the very poorest were too proud to let the others know how poor they were : they felt shame of what they couldn't possibly help, as when they broke the only saucepan in the house, and had to borrow one."

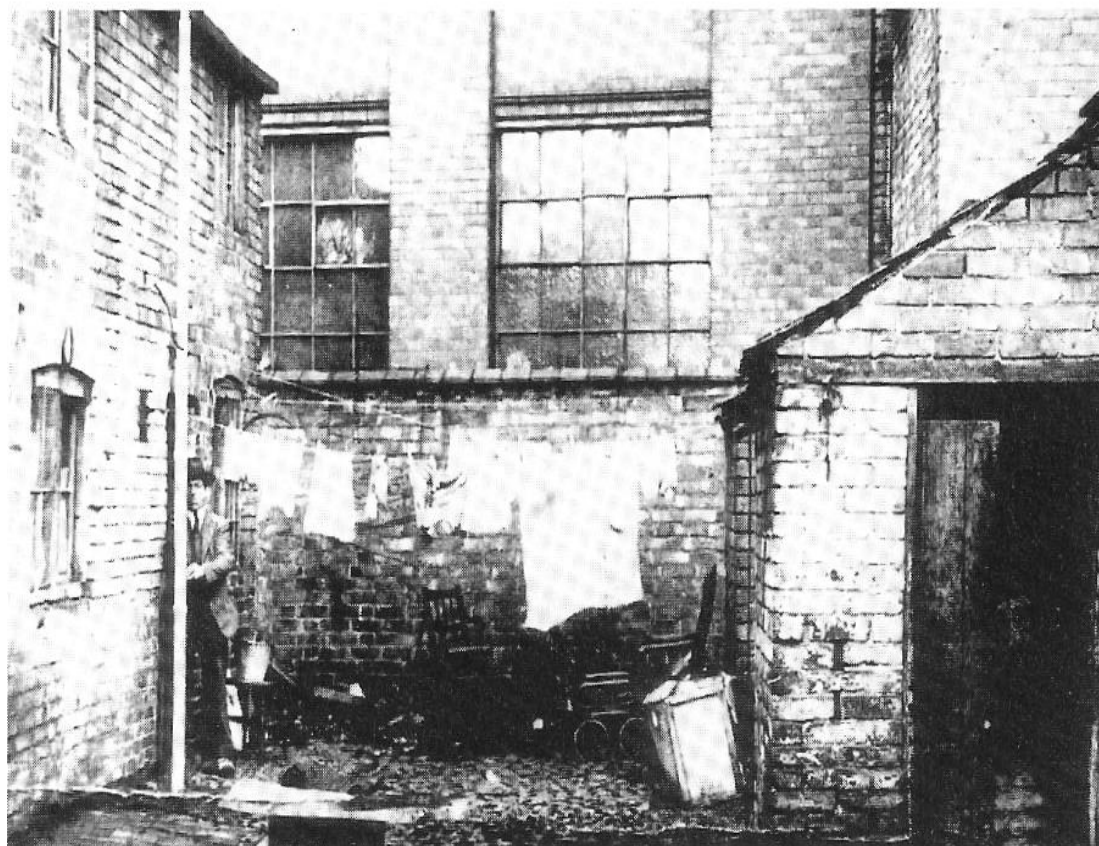


Figure 24: An un-named courtyard off Burley's lane in the 1920s from Barry Haynes' "Working class life in Victorian Leicester."

The 1861 census had the pair in *Marshall's yard*, off Burley's lane.

Schedule 71, 6, Marshall's Yard, St Margaret's Parish, Leicester.					
Thomas Ensor	Head	Married	60	Labourer Carter	St Margaret, Leicester
Margaret Ensor	Wife	Married	71	Wife	Rushin, Northampton

Her birthplace exactly matches the previous birth reference to *Rushin* in the 1851 census.

Booth family of Warks., Leics. & Leicester

Page 14] The undermentioned Houses are situate within the Boundaries of the

Parish [or Township] of		City or Municipal Borough of	Municipal Ward of	Parliamentary Borough of	Town of	Hamlet or Tything, &c., of	Ecclesiastical Dist.			
St. Margaret		Leicester	North St. Margaret	Leicester	Leicester		St. Margaret			
No. of Schedule	Road, Street, &c., and No. or Name of House	HOUSES		Name and Surname of each Person	Relation to Head of Family	Condition	Age of		Rank, Profession, or Occupation	Where Born
		Inhabited	Uninhabited (U.), or Building (B.)				Male	Female		
71	6. Marshall's Yard	1		Thomas Ensor	Head	Mar.	60		Labourer (Carter)	Leicester, St. Margaret
				Margaret Do	Wife	Mar.	71		Do Wife	Northampton, Reading
72	14. Burley's Lane	1		George Squires	Head	Mar.	48		Frame Work Knitter (Worster)	Leicester, Woodhouse Green

Figure 25: Census of 1861 Margaret and Thomas Ensor in Marshall's Yard, off Burley's lane.

Margaret died the year after this, on July the fourth, 1861, aged 74/75 in Burley's lane. Her death was witnessed by a Mary Billings of 25 Gravel Street. One might speculate as to why it was not witnessed by her husband, Thomas Ensor, in the light of the later knowledge that by 1871 he was in the Workhouse as an "imbecile"

Table 3: 1861 death of Margaret Hodgkins/Booth/Harris/Ensor.

1861 Death in the sub-district of East Leicester.										
184	Fourth July 1861	Burley's lane	Margaret Ensor	Female	75	Wife of Thomas Ensor, (a) Carter.	General decay, certified	The mark of Mary Billings, present at the death, 25 Gravel Street, Leicester	11 July 1861	Robert Warburton, Registrar.

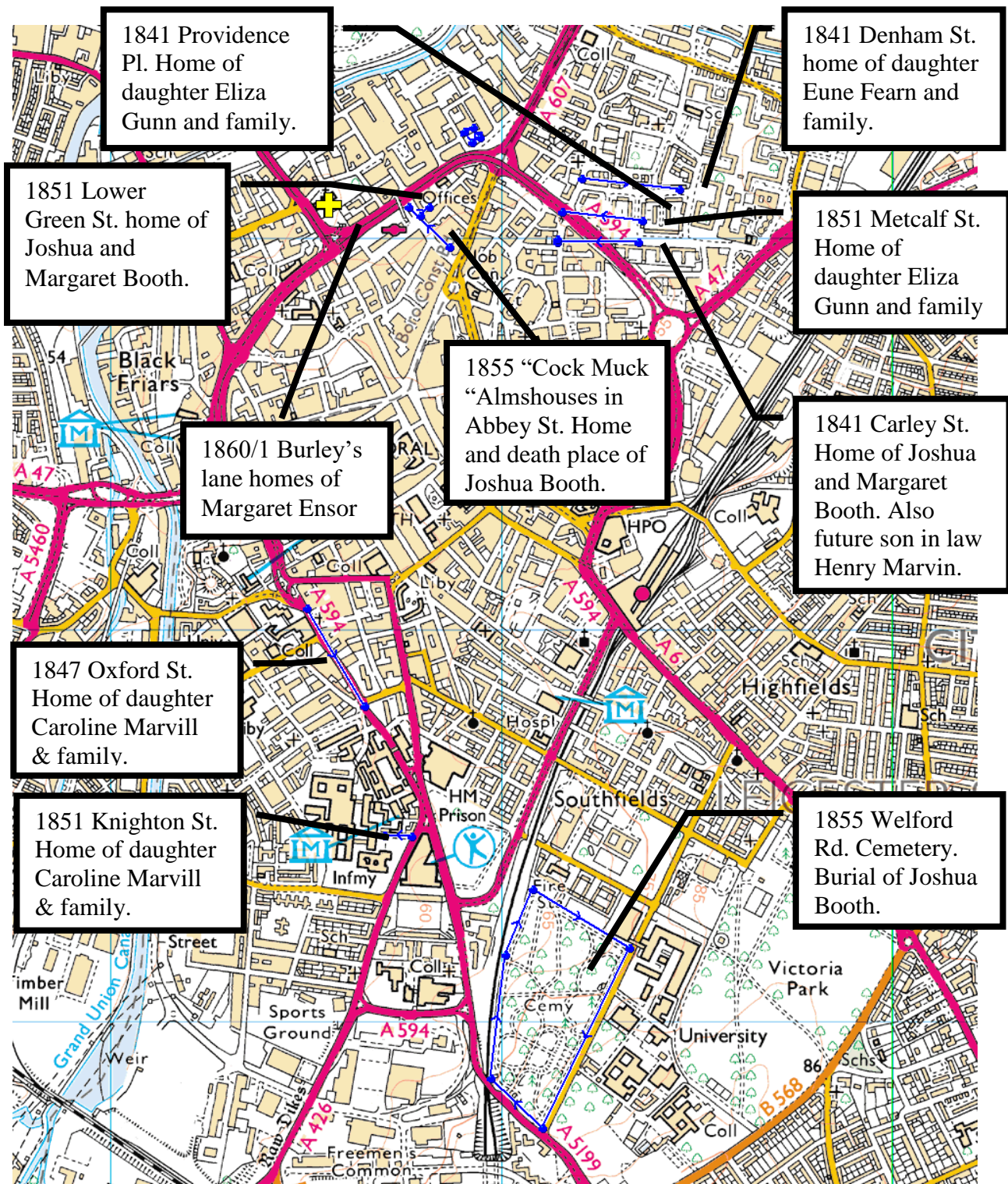
As for Thomas Ensor, he appears to have been in the East Leicester Workhouse by the census of 1871, listed as a 71 year old labourer without a known birthplace. Chillingly, he is also referred to as being an "imbecile" and is listed with dozens of others under the same heading. Is this why he was unable to state his birthplace - or was he also from a wandering Romany family?

The workhouse was the last resort for those unable to support themselves. He apparently ended his days here in the March Quarter of 1878.

Joshua and Margaret's children

Booth family of Warks., Leics. & Leicester

It is possible to plot the city locations associated with this family:



Booth family of Warks., Leics. & Leicester

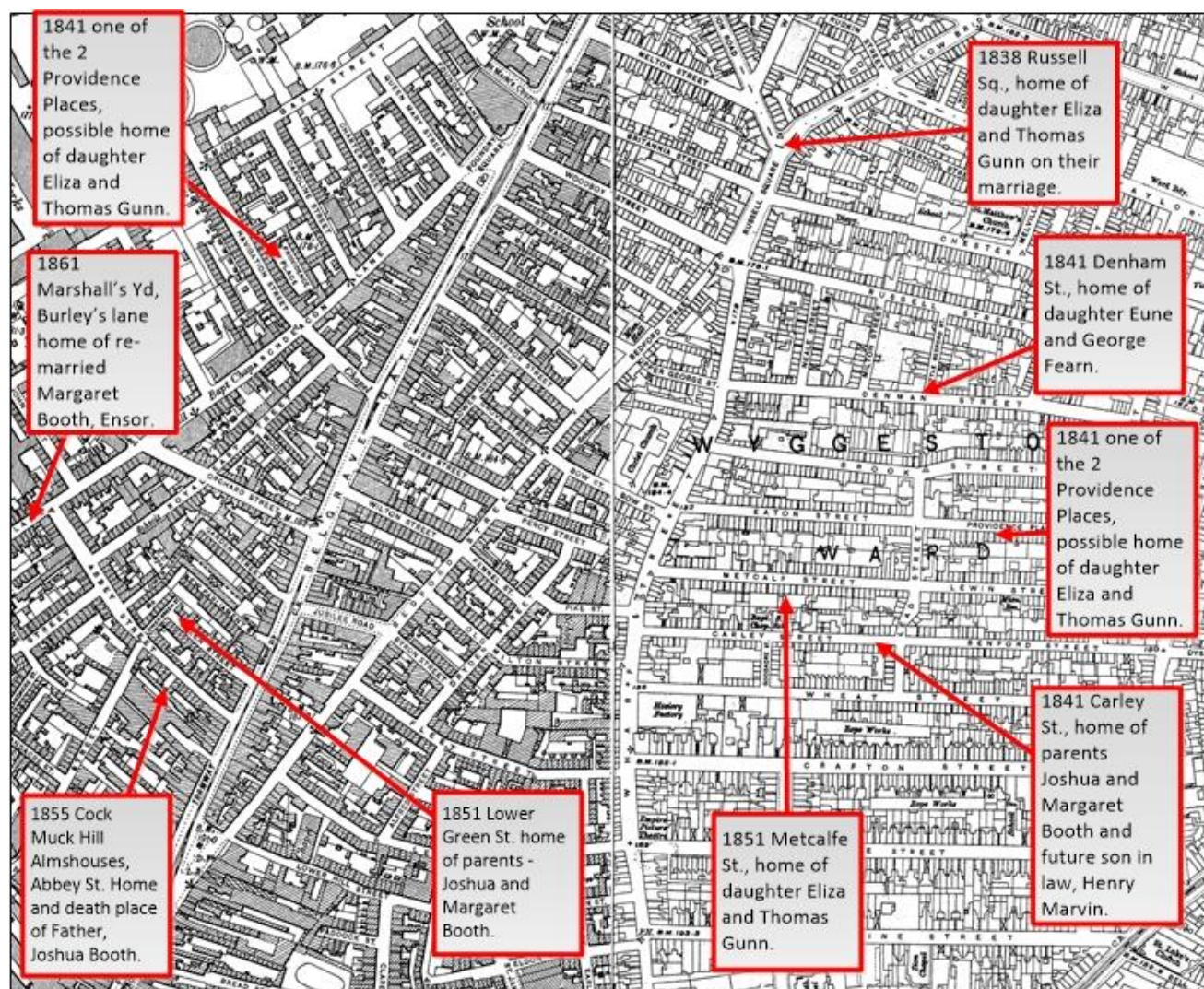


Figure 26: 1880s map showing streets in northern Leicester associated with the family.

Joshua, Eune BOOTH 1814-????

This information can be seen in full in the Author's "Fearn" family document.

Eune was baptised on 22 Feb 1814 in Sharnford, Leicestershire

She and George Fearn had five children: Elizabeth, John, Eliza, William, and Mary Ann.

- 1814 Baptised at Sharnford, near Hinckley.
- 1816 – 1827 Siblings baptised at Hinckley.
- 1833 Married at Hinckley.
- 1840 Denman Street in Leicester.
- 1841 Denman Street in Leicester
- 1842 Forester Street in Derby,
- 1845 Grove Street in Derby
- 1848 Grove Street in Derby
- 1851 Grove Street in Derby
- 1852 Grove Street in Derby
- 1861 Leonard Street in Derby
- 1871 Duke of York Pub, Burton Road, Derby.
- 1881 Stockbrook Lane, in Derby
- 1889 Peet Street, in Derby – death of George.
- 1891 Spa Lane, in Derby.
- 1899 Parliament Street, in Derby – death of Eunas aged 85.

Joshua, Joseph BOOTH 1816-????

Joseph was christened on 6 Oct 1816 in Saint Mary, Hinckley, Leicester, England.

Lived into adulthood?

A death certificate for a Joseph Booth, who died on the 21st of February in 1843 of consumption, has been obtained. However, he was aged 23, was a cutler and the death was witnessed by an Anne Booth. I do not think this is the 1816 James as he would have been 28 years of age at this time.

Booth family of Warks., Leics. & Leicester

Joshua, Eliza BOOTH 1821-????

Eliza was christened on 25 Feb 1821 in Saint Mary, Hinckley, Leicestershire.

The two Framework knitters, Eliza Booth and Thomas Gunn were married at St. Margaret's Church Leicester on May Day, 1838. Neither she, nor her husband, or her witnessing Mother, could write their names.

1838. Marriage solemnized <u>By Banns</u> in the <u>Parish of Leicester</u> in the County of <u>Leicester</u>								
No.	When Married.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Condition.	Rank or Profession.	Residence at the Time of Marriage.	Father's Name and Surname.	Rank or Profession of Father.
266	May 2 nd 1838	Thomas Gunn	34	Bachelor	F.W.K.	Russell Square	John Gunn	F.W.K.
		Eliza Booth	minor	Spinster	F.W.K.	do	Joshua Booth	Chair Bottomer
Married in the <u>Church of St. Margaret</u> according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the <u>Church of England</u> by me, <u>J. Irvine, Vicar</u>								
This Marriage was solemnized between us,		<u>Thomas Gunn's</u> <u>mark</u>			in the Presence of us,	<u>George Hancock</u>		
		<u>Eliza Booth's</u> <u>mark</u>				<u>Margaret Booth's</u> <u>mark</u>		

Figure 27: 1838 marriage of Eliza Booth to Thomas Gunn.

1839 A son, William born. **DECEMBER QUARTER 1839**

Booth family of Warks., Leics. & Leicester

1841 Providence Place, St Margaret's Parish, Leicester.

Thomas Gunn, c. 25, stocking manufacturer, Y

Eliza Gunn, c. 20 Y

William Gunn 1 Y



Figure 29: Ned

ls.



Figure 28: Ned Newitt's "Slums of Leicester" shows Mrs Pryor of 26 Providence Place at her back-yard wash day in 1953.

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Written by Kevin J. Norman kjn1961@ntlworld.com and last edited 03 September 2017

There were two *Providence Places* in the city at that time, but this was one street away from parents and siblings and is shown here in a later map of 1887 (scale 1:500).

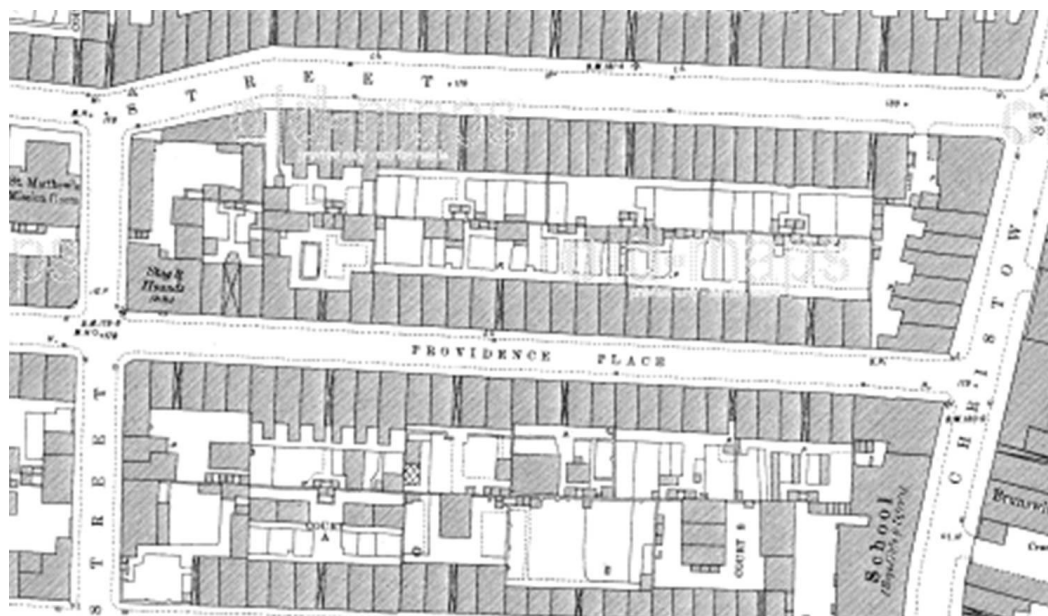


Figure 30: providence Place - 1887 (1:500)

1846 A daughter, Caroline born **MARCH QUARTER 1846**

1848 A son, Henry born. **MARCH QTR 1848**

1851 March 31st. 58&56 Metcalf Street, St Margaret's Parish, Leicester.

Thomas Gunn	Head	Married	35	Glove hand	bn Leicester St Margaret
Eliza Gunn	Wife	Married	30	Shopkeeper	bn Leicestershire Hinckley
W	Son		11	Errand Boy	bn Leicester St Margaret
C	Dau		5	Scholar	bn Leicester St Margaret
H	Son		3		bn Leicester St Margaret
MA	Dau		1		bn Leicester St Margaret

Plus 7 lodgers.

1850 a daughter, Mary Anne was born in Leicester. **MARCH QTR 1850**

Marville & Gunn emigration to the US 1851-1854

Between 1851 and 1856 the two sibling families seem to have emigrated to Philadelphia, like so many others in the Leicester textile industry, according to the birth places of their children in later US census returns.¹⁸

The “Workshop of the world” recalls:¹⁹

"During the 1830s-40s, Germantown's textile industry boomed, with immigrants skilled in mill operations and textile production arriving in large numbers from England, Scotland, and Germany. In 1830, John Button arrived from Leicester, England with two hosiery knitting machines; he built a large, complex production facility on Walnut Lane, east of Germantown Avenue called the Germantown Hosiery Mills and became the first producer using machinery rather than hand-operated frames. William and Andrew McCallum came from Scotland in 1831 and bought an old water driven mill on Paper Mill Run. There they expanded and built the Glen Echo Mills complex. In 1843, Charles Spencer arrived from Leicester, England and established the Leicester Mills. Like the Glen Echo and Germantown Hosiery Mills, Spencer spun his own yarn; he also combined power looms with hand operated machines.

While entrepreneurs such as Spencer and Button operated large, integrated "factories" throughout Germantown, there were also many individual knitting frame and hand loom operators, producing goods out of their homes and carriage houses under contract. These people would purchase yarn on their own or else would have it supplied by the mills under whom they were contracted.

The 1850 Census of Manufactures reported ninety-seven industrial establishments in Germantown; fifty were on the west side of Germantown Avenue, forty-seven on the east. After that, new industries began to locate east of Germantown Avenue, leaving the area west for residential development. By 1860, 136 industrial sites were listed in the Census of Manufactures (this included nine quarries, opened presumably in response to the demands of the building boom)."

1851 Ship “*Wyoming*” Liverpool to Philadelphia arriving 23 Aug 1851

Thomas Gunn 55 Male Hosier Born England

.....

1852 Ship “*Universe*” Liverpool to New York arriving 30 march 1852

Eliza Gunn 30 married England Pennsylvania

Wm Gunn 10 England Pennsylvania

Caroline Gunn 5 England Pennsylvania

Henry Gunn 3 England Pennsylvania

Mary Ann 1 England Pennsylvania

.....

Eliza’s brother in law Henry Marville & family was also involved in emigration to Philadelphia. He arrived in New York alone on 23rd October 1854 on the *Jacob Westerswald*.²⁰ **Is there a**

¹⁸ Eliza Booth married Thomas Gunn. They came to the Germantown area of Philadelphia in 1851 and 1852. Ten children have been identified: William, Caroline, Henry, and Maryann born in Leicester. George, John, Joseph, Eliza, and James - one more i think. “Jugunn” on Ancestry message boards.

¹⁹ Harold E. Spaulding, Workshop of the World (Oliver Evans Press, 1990)

²⁰ Perhaps the Marvilles did the same thing as the Gunns – the husband arrived first to establish himself and was then followed by wife and family?

possibility that the Gunns were in New York at that time and that Henry and the Marvilles initially joined them before moving to Philadelphia?

A later pension application states that the family lived on *Ashmead Street* in Philadelphia from about 1859 onwards for some 30 years at least.

In the US Census of 20 June 1860 the Marville family is to be found at the Germantown Post Office District of Philadelphia in Pennsylvania – first district 22nd Ward ²¹. This is the same Post Office district as the Gunns' own home in 1870 (see below). **How close did they live together?**

According to Julia Gunn, Eliza's son Henry enlisted in the 19th Pennsylvania Cavalry during the Civil war and was a prisoner in the notorious Andersonville camp after capture in 1864. He was released in 1865, re-enlisted and was sent to Georgia – en route to which he died on board the transport ship of Cholera. Several other relatives also enlisted: his brother William in the 5th Pennsylvania Cavalry and his sister Caroline's husband Fergus Elliott.

In 1889 Julia made a pension application (supplied by Julia Gunn) in which she stated that at her son's death in 1866 the oldest child (at home?) was eleven years old. Her other son William, came home from the War in 1865 and lived in Frankfurt Road, and did nothing for her support. Her other older children similarly did nothing; and of the youngest, Mary Anne was always a cripple and dependent; George and John were 13 & 11 years old working as winders at a woollen mill earning no more than \$2.50 per week each. The others: Joseph and Lizzie, were mere children. Her Husband did not earn more than 200 in 1866. He never had any more than \$111 in any year. In that year, 1866, her Husband rented a lot 33 X 200 ft on Ashmead St with a house of 2 stories. It was assessed at \$ 300.

.....
1870 US Census Germantown Pennsylvania Post Office 343/377

Thomas Gunn	54	Male	White	Weaver	bn England
Eliza Gunn	49	Fem	White		bn England
May Gunn	20	Fem	White	Woollen Mill	bn England
George Gunn	17	Male	White	“	bn Pennsylvania
John Gunn	15	Male	White	“	bn Pennsylvania
Joseph Gunn	13	Male	White		bn Pennsylvania
Elizabeth Gun	10	Fem	White		bn Pennsylvania
James Gunn	8	Male	White		bn Pennsylvania

.....
1881 *Gopsill* Directory of Philadelphia

Thomas Gunn, weaver at h 181 Ashmead Germantown
Thomas Gunn, weaver at 1520 Lawrence

In 1889 Julia made a pension application (unreferenced, but supplied by Julia Gunn) in which she stated that she and her husband had lived on Ashmead Street in Philadelphia for over thirty years. Her husband was a Weaver and greatly suffered from Asthma and was disabled more than half the time, never being able to work more than two or three days together. He was never able to do

²¹ Debbie Olsen.

Booth family of Warks., Leics. & Leicester

his own “cutting” of the fabric and had been incapable of work since 1882. He never earned more than about \$111 a year.

In the last year her husband paid \$124 for paving and 10 dollars for the side walk. He paid about 60 a year taxes from 1882 to 1889. The Philadelphia tax rate is \$1.85 per hundred over last 6 years. He spent a dollar and a half a week for medicine for years for his cough, then something to inhale and liquor to take when his bad spells came on him.

From 1882 onward they had as a dependant their daughter, Mary Anne a “cripple” and a granddaughter of 13 yrs old. The mother had died in childbirth, the had father remarried and had a large family so support fell on them. She had always house kept and did no outside work.

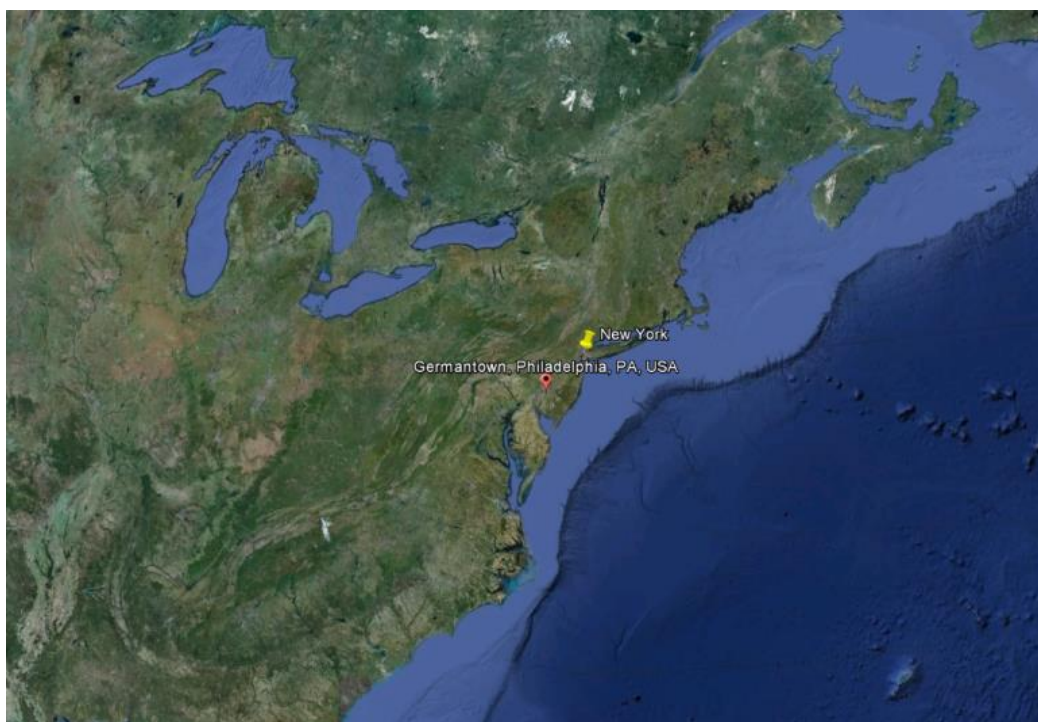


Figure 31: New York, Philadelphia and Germantown

Joshua, Eliza, William Gunn 1840-1904

1841 Providence Place, St Margaret's Parish, Leicester.

Thomas Gunn,	c. 25,	stocking manufacturer,	Y
Eliza Gunn,	c. 20		Y
William Gunn	1		Y

1851 March 31st. 58&56 Metcalf Street, St Margaret's Parish, Leicester.

Thomas Gunn	Head	Married	35	Glove hand	bn Leicester St Margaret
Eliza Gunn	Wife	Married	30	Shopkeeper	bn Leicestershire Hinckley
W	Son		11	Errand Boy	bn Leicester St Margaret
C	Dau		5	Scholar	bn Leicester St Margaret
H	Son		3		bn Leicester St Margaret
MA	Dau		1		bn Leicester St Margaret

Plus 7 lodgers.

1852 Ship "Universe" Liverpool to New York arriving 30 march 1852

Eliza Gunn	30	married	England	Pennsylvania
Wm Gunn	10		England	Pennsylvania
Caroline Gunn	5		England	Pennsylvania
Henry Gunn	3		England	Pennsylvania
Mary Ann	1		England	Pennsylvania

According to Julia Gunn, William Gunn served in the 5th Pennsylvania Cavalry, and his gravestone below states he was in the 23rd Pennsylvania infantry.



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Written by Figure 32: Julia Gunn's brother had this erected on William's grave.

Joshua, Eliza, Caroline Gunn 1846-????

1851 March 31st. 58&56 Metcalf Street, St Margaret's Parish, Leicester.

Thomas Gunn	Head	Married	35	Glove hand	bn Leicester St Margaret
Eliza Gunn	Wife	Married	30	Shopkeeper	bn Leicestershire Hinckley
W	Son		11	Errand Boy	bn Leicester St Margaret
C	Dau		5	Scholar	bn Leicester St Margaret
H	Son		3		bn Leicester St Margaret
MA	Dau		1		bn Leicester St Margaret

Plus 7 lodgers.

1852 Ship "Universe" Liverpool to New York arriving 30 march 1852

Eliza Gunn	30	married	England	Pennsylvania
Wm Gunn	10		England	Pennsylvania
Caroline Gunn	5		England	Pennsylvania
Henry Gunn	3		England	Pennsylvania
Mary Ann	1		England	Pennsylvania



FERGUS ELLIOTT.

She married Fergus Elliott from Leicester, who arrived in the USA aged 14.

According to Julia Gunn, Caroline's husband Fergus Elliott left extensive documentation about his service in the US Civil War: The line drawing is from an unreferenced copy of a newspaper obituary published in the USA from Julia Gunn.

"He fought in the civil war at Gettysburg, Lookout Mountain and Sherman's March to the sea. He was a writer - I have located copies of his 4 civil war diaries (detailed observation's and notes regarding people both in Germantown and Leicester) and post war documents (he became a police Sargent). There was also a family genealogy = most of his siblings remained in Leicester - If by chance you come across some one - please keep this in mind."

Joshua, Eliza, Henry Gunn 1848-????

1851 March 31st. 58&56 Metcalf Street, St Margaret's Parish, Leicester.

<i>Thomas Gunn</i>	<i>Head</i>	<i>Married</i>	<i>35</i>	<i>Glove hand</i>	<i>bn Leicester St Margaret</i>
<i>Eliza Gunn</i>	<i>Wife</i>	<i>Married</i>	<i>30</i>	<i>Shopkeeper</i>	<i>bn Leicestershire Hinckley</i>
<i>W</i>	<i>Son</i>		<i>11</i>	<i>Errand Boy</i>	<i>bn Leicester St Margaret</i>
<i>C</i>	<i>Dau</i>		<i>5</i>	<i>Scholar</i>	<i>bn Leicester St Margaret</i>
<i>H</i>	<i>Son</i>		<i>3</i>		<i>bn Leicester St Margaret</i>
<i>MA</i>	<i>Dau</i>		<i>1</i>		<i>bn Leicester St Margaret</i>

Plus 7 lodgers.

.....

1852 Ship "Universe" Liverpool to New York arriving 30 march 1852

<i>Eliza Gunn</i>	<i>30</i>	<i>married</i>	<i>England</i>	<i>Pennsylvania</i>
<i>Wm Gunn</i>	<i>10</i>		<i>England</i>	<i>Pennsylvania</i>
<i>Caroline Gunn</i>	<i>5</i>		<i>England</i>	<i>Pennsylvania</i>
<i>Henry Gunn</i>	<i>3</i>		<i>England</i>	<i>Pennsylvania</i>
<i>Mary Ann</i>	<i>1</i>		<i>England</i>	<i>Pennsylvania</i>

Julia Gunn in the USA kindly provided much of the following material about Henry's time in the 19th Pennsylvania Cavalry. Other material comes from on-line sites: [the National Park Service information about Anderson Camp](#); [the Civil War Index](#); [History of the Pennsylvania Volunteers.](#); & [The New York Times](#).

His military service:

First entered as a member of the 20th volunteers shortly after Gettysburg. He joined the 19th Pennsylvania Cavalry (also known as the 180th Pennsylvania Regiment) as a Private in Company E.

1863 the regiment was mustered June-October at Camp Stanton, Philadelphia.

1863 November, the regiment left for Washington.

1863 December 3rd., reported at Columbus, Kentucky

1863 December 6th., moved to Union City, Tennessee to join 1st brigade of General Grierson's Cavalry division.

1864 early February moved to Collierville Tennessee and saw action raiding into Mississippi as far as West Point, destroying the railroad, grain and cotton.

1864 February 22nd. Engagement at Okalona, Miss.

1864 April 6th. Engagement at Cypress swamp.

1864 April 10th. Return to Memphis.

1864 April 19th., Engagement at Brice's Cross Roads.

1864 July, engagements at Big Black River, Port Gibson and Grand Gulf, Miss.

1864 August, engagements at Coldwater, Oxford and Hurricane Creek, Miss.

1864 September, engagements at Marion, Greensborough, Pilot Knob and Big Blue River.

1864 October 20th. Returned to Memphis.

1864 December, engagements around Nashville.

1864 December 17th. He was captured at Hollow Tree Gap in Tennessee in the following engagement:

*“The enemy (Confederate) was now in full retreat, and on the morning of the 17th, the cavalry started in pursuit. At a point a mile beyond Brentwood, on the Franklin Pike, his cavalry was found in line of battle across the road. The Nineteenth was ordered by General Knipe to charge with the sabre. Without waiting to form line, the command dashed forward in columns of fours, and scarcely had the rebels delivered a single volley, when it was upon them. Unable to withstand the impetuosity of the onset, the rebel line broke, and for two miles, and until it reached the infantry column at **Hollow Tree Gap**, it was closely pressed. Here the enemy's infantry and artillery was concealed from view, and before its position was known, the regiment was charging upon it.*

*Suddenly saluted by canister at short range, and by showers of bullets, and being unsupported, it was unable to stand, and fell back upon the rest of the brigade. As the brigade came up, the fight was renewed, and the enemy was routed. At Franklin he again showed a determined front. In the engagement which ensued, the Nineteenth charged upon him, in position behind a stone wall, but was repulsed; moving around upon the flank of his position, and supports coming up, he was driven to a second line. Here he was again attacked, and the battle raged until nine at night, when he was driven at all points. In this day's fighting, the regiment took three stands of colours, and three hundred and fifty prisoners. **Its loss in killed, wounded, and missing, was about twenty-five.** Major Holahan, Captains Frank Reeder, and N. M. Smith, and Acting Adjutant James Blackstone, were among the wounded.”²²*

1865 Released from the notorious Andersonville prison Camp.

1866 June. Discharged from the 19th. Pennsylvania Cavalry. Came home to Philadelphia and was sick in bed for 6 months.

1866 June Re-enlisted in the 17th US Infantry.

1866 July 1866 Died on board ship “San Salvador” on way to Tybee at Savannah.

Julia Gunn provided a link to an article in the New York Times reporting on July 20th that on 19th 1866:

“... the Steamer “San Salvador” arrived at quarantine with 500 recruits for the 7th Regulars. There were 28 cases of cholera among them, and three deaths during the voyage. One death occurred after arriving at Tybee Bar and one or two after the troops were landed at Tybee Island”.

Henry was one of these men.

²² <http://www.pa-roots.com/pacw/cavalry/19thcav/19thcavorg.html>

Booth family of Warks., Leics. & Leicester

On the 4th of January 1889, 23 years later, Eliza made a deposition before an Officer of the Pension Office in Philadelphia. Julia Gunn supplied the details, which are transcribed above.

Joshua, Eliza, Mary Ann Gunn 1848-????

1851 March 31st. 58&56 Metcalf Street, St Margaret's Parish, Leicester.
Thomas Gunn Head Married 35 Glove hand bn Leicester St Margaret
Eliza Gunn Wife Married 30 Shopkeeper bn Leicestershire Hinckley
W Son 11 Errand Boy bn Leicester St Margaret
C Dau 5 Scholar bn Leicester St Margaret
H Son 3 bn Leicester St Margaret
MA Dau 1 bn Leicester St Margaret
Plus 7 lodgers.

.....

1852 Ship "Universe" Liverpool to New York arriving 30 march 1852
Eliza Gunn 30 married England Pennsylvania
Wm Gunn 10 England Pennsylvania
Caroline Gunn 5 England Pennsylvania
Henry Gunn 3 England Pennsylvania
Mary Ann 1 England Pennsylvania

.....

1870 US Census Germantown Pennsylvania Post Office 343/377
Thomas Gunn 54 Male White Weaver bn England
Eliza Gunn 49 Fem White bn England
May Gunn 20 Fem White Woollen Mill bn England
George Gunn 17 Male White " bn Pennsylvania
John Gunn 15 Male White " bn Pennsylvania
Joseph Gunn 13 Male White bn Pennsylvania
Elizabeth Gun 10 Fem White bn Pennsylvania
James Gunn 8 Male White bn Pennsylvania

In 1889 Eliza described Mary Anne in a pension application as a dependant "Cripple" since 1882 at least.

Joshua, Eliza, George Gunn 1853 -????

1870 US Census Germantown Pennsylvania Post Office 343/377

Thomas Gunn	54	Male	White	Weaver	bn England
Eliza Gunn	49	Fem	White		bn England
May Gunn	20	Fem	White	Woollen Mill	bn England
George Gunn	17	Male	White	“	bn Pennsylvania
John Gunn	15	Male	White	“	bn Pennsylvania
Joseph Gunn	13	Male	White		bn Pennsylvania
Elizabeth Gun	10	Fem	White		bn Pennsylvania
James Gunn	8	Male	White		bn Pennsylvania

In 1889 Eliza described George as having been working in a Woollen Mill as a Winder for no more than 2:50 a week , aged 13 in 1865.

Joshua, Eliza, John Gunn 1855 -????

1870 US Census Germantown Pennsylvania Post Office 343/377

Thomas Gunn	54	Male	White	Weaver	bn England
Eliza Gunn	49	Fem	White		bn England
May Gunn	20	Fem	White	Woollen Mill	bn England
George Gunn	17	Male	White	“	bn Pennsylvania
John Gunn	15	Male	White	“	bn Pennsylvania
Joseph Gunn	13	Male	White		bn Pennsylvania
Elizabeth Gun	10	Fem	White		bn Pennsylvania
James Gunn	8	Male	White		bn Pennsylvania

In 1889 Eliza described John as having been working in a Woollen Mill as a Winder for no more than 2:50 a week , aged 11 in 1865.

Joshua, Eliza, Joseph Gunn 1857 -????

1870 US Census Germantown Pennsylvania Post Office 343/377

Thomas Gunn	54	Male	White	Weaver	bn England
Eliza Gunn	49	Fem	White		bn England
May Gunn	20	Fem	White	Woollen Mill	bn England
George Gunn	17	Male	White	“	bn Pennsylvania
John Gunn	15	Male	White	“	bn Pennsylvania
Joseph Gunn	13	Male	White		bn Pennsylvania
Elizabeth Gun	10	Fem	White		bn Pennsylvania
James Gunn	8	Male	White		bn Pennsylvania

Joshua, Eliza, Elizabeth Gunn 1860 -????

1870 US Census Germantown Pennsylvania Post Office 343/377

Thomas Gunn	54	Male	White	Weaver	bn England
Eliza Gunn	49	Fem	White		bn England
May Gunn	20	Fem	White	Woollen Mill	bn England
George Gunn	17	Male	White	“	bn Pennsylvania
John Gunn	15	Male	White	“	bn Pennsylvania
Joseph Gunn	13	Male	White		bn Pennsylvania
Elizabeth Gun	10	Fem	White		bn Pennsylvania
James Gunn	8	Male	White		bn Pennsylvania

Joshua, Eliza, James Gunn 1862 -????

1870 US Census Germantown Pennsylvania Post Office 343/377

Thomas Gunn	54	Male	White	Weaver	bn England
Eliza Gunn	49	Fem	White		bn England
May Gunn	20	Fem	White	Woollen Mill	bn England
George Gunn	17	Male	White	“	bn Pennsylvania
John Gunn	15	Male	White	“	bn Pennsylvania
Joseph Gunn	13	Male	White		bn Pennsylvania
Elizabeth Gun	10	Fem	White		bn Pennsylvania
James Gunn	8	Male	White		bn Pennsylvania

Joshua, Eliza, “unknown” Gunn 185?? -????

Email through Ancestry.com

Hi Kevin:

I am responding to your work on Margaret Booth. Eliza Booth married Thomas Gunn. They came to the Germantown area of Philadelphia in 1851 and 1852. Ten children have been identified: William, Caroline, Henry, and Maryann born in Leicester. George, John, Joseph, Eliza, and James - **one more i think**. Joseph married Hannah and they had 2 children - Joseph Henry and Mary I. Joseph Henry married Elizabeth and they had 2 sons - Lewis and Robert - Robert was my father. My siblings and I knew very little of the family history - my father and uncle provided little in terms of the oral history and my grandparents were died before we were born - regards

Julia

Joshua, Comfort BOOTH 1823-1823

Comfort was christened on 6 Jun 1823 in Saint Mary, Hinckley, Leicester, England and died on 29 Jun 1823.

Joshua, Patience BOOTH 1823-1823

Patience was christened on 6 Jun 1823 in Saint Mary, Hinckley, and Leicester, England and died on 22 Jun 1823.

Joshua, Caroline BOOTH 1824-????

Caroline was christened on 8 Aug 1824 in Saint Mary, Hinckley, Leicester, England.
Henry Marvin/Marvill/Marville, was Baptised 17 April 1819 St Margaret's Leicester, the son of James and Elizabeth Marvin/Marvill/Marville.

Figure 33: 1841 Census - Caroline Booth, Carley Street, St. Margaret's, Leicester.

Boro' of Leicester, Parish of St Margaret's, Carley Street. HO 107/604/8 page 45			
Joshua Booth	60	Ag Lab	Born In County
Margaret Booth	60		Born In County
Caroline Booth	15	Stocking M.²³	Born In County
James Booth	14	Stocking M	Born In County

The Booth family were living in CARLEY STREET in 1841, and also living in Carley Street at HO 107 604 8 in 1841 was their future son-in-law:

<i>Benjamin Alsop</i>	35	<i>Stocking manufacturer</i>
<i>Elizabeth Alsop</i>	30	<i>Stocking manufacturer</i>
<i>William Alsop</i>	3	
<i>Richard Ratcliff</i>	25	<i>Stocking manufacturer</i>
<i>Henry Bentley</i>	20	<i>Stocking manufacturer</i>
<i>HENRY MARVIN</i>	20	<i>Stocking manufacturer</i>
<i>Henry Soden</i>	20	<i>Stocking manufacturer</i>

1843 illegitimate child James *Marvill* born in Leicester. September Quarter.

1845 illegitimate Henry BOOTH born Leicester. June Qtr 1845

Caroline married Henry Marvin in 1847, aged 21.

Leicester Union, Register Office, Leicester. Number 162 ²⁴							
5 th day May 1847	Henry Marvill	Full Age	Bachelor	Framework Knitter	Oxford Street	James Marvill deceased	Framework Knitter
	Caroline Booth	Full Age	Spinster		Oxford Street	Joshua Booth	Chairbottomer
Henry Marvill, mark of X Caroline Booth, witnessed by the Mark of X Michael Jones and the Mark of Ann Jones.							

1848 Daughter Caroline Marvill born in Leicester. Sept Quarter

1849 Son George Marvill born in Leicester. Dec Quarter.

²³ *Stocking manufacturer.*

²⁴ *Supplied by Debbie Olsen, a descendant in Florida.*

They are found in 1851 at:

1851 Knighton Street, St Mary Parish, Leicester

<i>Henry Marvin</i>	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	<i>30</i>	<i>Framework Knitter</i>	<i>bn Leicester</i>
<i>Caroline Marvin</i>	<i>W</i>	<i>M</i>	<i>27</i>	<i>Domestic Duties</i>	<i>bn Hinckley</i>
<i>James Marvin</i>	<i>S</i>		<i>7</i>	<i>Winder</i>	<i>bn Leicester</i>
<i>Caroline Marvin</i>	<i>D</i>		<i>3</i>		<i>bn Leicester</i>
<i>George Marvin</i>	<i>S</i>		<i>1</i>		<i>bn Leicester</i>
<i>Henry Marvin</i>	<i>S</i>		<i>6</i>		<i>bn Leicester</i>

Knighton Street feeds off Infirmary Road into the present Leicester Royal Infirmary Grounds – a short walk away from Oxford Street, where they were in 1847.

Marville & Gunn emigration to the US

Between 1851 and 1856 they seem to have emigrated to Philadelphia, like so many others in the Leicester textile industry, according to the birth places of their children in later US census returns.²⁵

This may have been a multiple emigration, for Thomas Gunn, Caroline's brother-in-law, landed alone in Philadelphia on August 23rd 1851 – and was later joined in New York by his wife Eliza and their 4 children in March 1852. In his turn, Henry Marville arrived alone at New York on the *Jacob Westervelt* from Liverpool on October the 23rd, 1854. Perhaps his wife and children were waiting for him to establish himself before joining him, in the same pattern followed by Eliza and Thomas, who had been in the US for two years. Furthermore, was there a New York link between Eliza arriving in New York in 1852, and Henry arriving there in 1854? Were the Gunns living there at that time before their own move to Philadelphia and the Marvilles joined them?

In the US Census of 20 June 1860 the family is to be found as follows at the Germantown Post Office District of Philadelphia in Pennsylvania – first district 22nd Ward²⁶. This is the same Post Office district as the Gunns' own home. (see below). **How close did they live together?**

Number 454	Family 460	Henry Marvelle	40	Weaver	Born Pennsylvania ²⁷ .
		Caroline Marvelle	37		Born England
		Daniel Manning ²⁸	7		Born England
		James Marvelle	16		Born England
		Henry Marvelle	15		Born England
		Caroline Marvelle	12		Born England
		George Marvelle	10		Born England
		Shadrack Marvelle	3		Born Pennsylvania
		Joshua Marvelle	2		Born Pennsylvania
		Elizabeth Marvelle	1/12		Born Pennsylvania

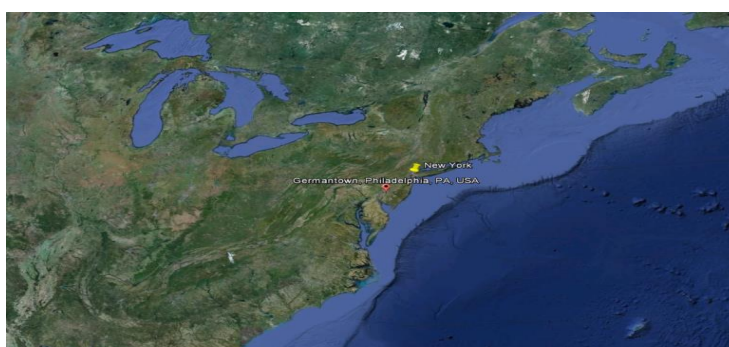


Figure 24: New York, Philadelphia and Germantown

²⁵ Eliza Booth married Thomas Gunn. They came to the Germantown area of Philadelphia in 1851 and 1852. Ten children have been identified: William, Caroline, Henry, and Maryann born in Leicester. George, John, Joseph, Eliza, and James - one more i think. "Jugunn" on Ancestry message boards.

²⁶ Debbie Olsen.

²⁷ This is patently untrue, he was born in England. Did he tell this lie for a legal, or immigration or citizenship rreason?

²⁸ Child of a neighbouring family..



Booth family of Warks., Leics. & Leicester

The [photos](#) and information below come from on-line versions of Debbie Olson's web-page, a descendant of this family.²⁹ Those in [red were born in Leicester](#).

HUSBAND:	Henry Raymond Marvill Sr.		
BORN:	abt 1819	PLACE:	England
MARRIED:	Caroline Booth	PLACE:	England
DIED:	Aug 27, 1899	PLACE:	Germantown, PA
BURIED:	Ivy Hill Cemetery	PLACE:	Philadelphia, PA
OCCUPATION:	knitter (1890)		
RESIDENCE:	(1892): 4463 Wayne Av.	CITY:	Germantown, PA
RESIDENCE:	(1899): 4923 Wayne Av.	CITY:	Germantown, PA
WIFE:	Caroline Booth		Hinckley, Leicestershire.
BORN:	abt 1823	PLACE:	England
MARRIED:	Henry Raymond Marvill Sr.	PLACE:	
DIED:	June 22, 1899	PLACE:	Germantown, PA
BURIED:	Ivy Hill Cemetery	PLACE:	Philadelphia, PA

²⁹ [Her web-site is full of information, photographs and obituaries.](#) She has been a very generous correspondent with information.

Joshua, Caroline Booth, James Thomas Marvill 1844-1911

CHILDREN:			
#1	James		
BORN:	abt. 1844	PLACE:	Leicester
			
MARRIED:	on June 3, 1863	PLACE:	Germantown, PA
DIED:	Nov 2, 1911	PLACE:	Riegelsville, PA
BURIED:	Hillside Cemetery	PLACE:	Roslyn, PA
SPOUSE:	Sophia Jane Evans		
			
OCCUPATION:	foreman in a	knitting mill	Riegelsville, PA
RESIDENCE:	(1890): 16 Mechlin	CITY:	Germantown, PA

Joshua, Caroline Booth, Henry Raymond Marvill 1845-1930

#2	Henry Raymond Marvill Jr.		
BORN:	abt 1845	PLACE:	Leicester
MARRIED:	?	PLACE:	?
DIED:	Oct 1930	PLACE:	?
BURIED:	Ivy Hill Cemetery	PLACE:	Philadelphia,PA
SPOUSE:	Mary Elizabeth Jennings	Born: abt 1846	Int.: July 2, 1913
OCCUPATION:	(1890): grocer (?)	also sign maker	(Show signs)
RESIDENCE:	(1890): 76 Brighthurst (?)	CITY:	Germantown, PA

A descendant of this Henry is Lisa Tingley – who was contacted as part of a DNA match through Ancestry.com website.

Dear kjn1961,

Hi Kevin, It seems we are both descendants of Joshua Booth and Margaret Hodgkins making us 5th cousins. Quite some time ago, I discovered your extensive document on Joshua Booth and family online and found it fascinating! I didn't realize that the Booths and Hodgkins were gypsies/travellers until I read that. Then I ordered the booklet on John and Mary Booth from the Romany & Traveller FHS by Eric Trudgill. Have you seen that? I was born just outside Philadelphia, where my ancestor, Caroline Booth Marvill and her husband Henry settled after leaving Leicester. Their son Henry, who was about 10 when they came over, married the daughter of a man from Lutterworth. You are welcome to look at my tree, although it's a work in progress! If you wish, you can contact me at Great to meet you! Lisa Tingley

Joshua, Caroline Booth, Caroline Marvill 1848-1892

#3	<u>Caroline</u>		
BORN:	abt 1848	PLACE:	Leicester
MARRIED:	yes	PLACE:	?
DIED:	Jan 12, 1892	PLACE:	Germantown, PA
BURIED:	Ivy Hill Cemetery	PLACE:	Philadelphia,PA
SPOUSE:	Robert S. Kohl		
RESIDENCE:	(1890): 25 Ashmead (?)	CITY:	Germantown, PA
RESIDENCE:	(1892): 4463 Wayne Av.	CITY:	Germantown, PA (Parents home)

Joshua, Caroline Booth, George Marvill 1849-1921

#4	George Marvill		
BORN:	Sept 22, 1849	PLACE:	Leicester
MARRIED:	yes	PLACE:	?
DIED:	July 4, 1921	PLACE:	5145 Germantown Av.
BURIED:	Ivy Hill Cemetery	PLACE:	Philadelphia, PA
CAUSE:	Addisons Disease	TD>	
SPOUSE:	Mary		
OCCUPATION:	(1890): Cabinetmaker	possibly musician	belonged to musicians union of Penna
RESIDENCE:	(1890): 20 Duval (?)	CITY:	Germantown, PA

Joshua, Caroline Booth, Shadrack Marvill 1856-1931

#5	Shedrick Marvill		
BORN:	June 27, 1856	PLACE:	Penn.
MARRIED:	Jan 29, 1881	PLACE:Broad and Religa? Sts	Phil, PA
DEATH:	Oct 4, 1931	PLACE:	Philadelphia
CAUSE:	Coronary Thrombosis	Arteriosclerosis	
BURIED:	Ivy Hill Cemetery	PLACE:	Philadelphia,PA
SPOUSE:	Martha E. Tyler	BORN:	abt 1854
OCCUPATION:	Engineer	(Steam)	
RESIDENCE:	1136 Allengrove st.	CITY:	PA

Joshua, Caroline Booth, Joshua Marvill 1858-1905

#6	Joshua Marvill		
BORN:	July 1858	PLACE:	?
MARRIED:	?	PLACE:	?
INTERMENT:	Aug 22, 1905	PLACE:	Germantown, PA
BURIED:	Ivy Hill Cemetery	PLACE:	Philadelphia
SPOUSE:	?		
OCCUPATION:	(1890): knitter	(1901): gardener	
RESIDENCE:	(1890): 4463 Wayne Av.	CITY:	Germantown, PA
RESIDENCE:	(1900): 4923 Wayne Av. (boarder)	CITY:	Germantown, PA

Joshua, Caroline Booth, Elizabeth Marvill 1861-1931

#7	Elizabeth S. Marvill		
BORN:	abt 1861	PLACE:	?
MARRIED:	yes	PLACE:	?
Interment:	Feb 28, 1931	PLACE:	?
BURIED:	Ivy Hill Cemetery	PLACE:	Philadelphia, PA
SPOUSE:	William R. Lovelidge	BORN:	1856
RESIDENCE:	(1890): 4461 Wayne Av.	CITY:	Germantown, PA
RESIDENCE:	(1920): 4923 Wayne Av.	CITY:	Germantown,PA

Joshua, Caroline Booth, Edwin Wesley Marvill 1865-1936

#8	Edwin Wesley Marvill		
BORN:	Mar 8, 1865	PLACE:	PA
MARRIED:	yes	PLACE:	?
DEATH:	Oct 28, 1936	PLACE:	240 Jeralda St.
CAUSE:	Chronic Myocarditis	Acute bronchitis	
BURIED:	Ivy Hill Cemetery	PLACE:	Philadelphia, PA
SPOUSE:	Eunice Bardsley		
OCCUPATION:	Machinist		

Joshua, James BOOTH 1827-????

James was christened on 25 Jun 1827 in Saint Mary, Hinckley, Leicester, England.

Figure 35: 1841 Census - James Booth, Carley Street, St. Margaret's, Leicester.

Boro' of Leicester, Parish of St Margaret's, Carley Street. HO 107/604/8 page 45			
Joshua Booth	60	Ag Lab	Born In County
Margaret Booth	60		Born In County
Caroline Booth	15	Stocking M. ³⁰	Born In County
James Booth	14	Stocking M	Born In County

A death certificate has been obtained for the James Booth who died in December 1841 in Leicester, but he was waged 50 and was a servant. He died at the infirmary and is obviously not the man being searched for.

³⁰ Stocking manufacturer.